



# Uponor Ecoflex Solutions Technical Information

Pre-insulated pipes for water distribution





# From heat source... ...to building

## Pre-insulated pipe systems connecting you to renewable heat

No special tools, no welding and no fuss. Just a quality product, which lasts.

Uponor pre-insulated pipes - the only choice for economical transport of hot and cold fluids from the energy centre to final termination.

Besides excellent insulation properties, our lightweight pre-insulated pipes offer flexibility, ease of installation and a service life in excess of 30 years.

#### Applications:

- Remote boilers
- Biomass
- CHP
- District heating
- District cooling
- · AD Biogas

#### Suitable for:

- Heating water
- Hot tap water
- Cold water
- Cooling water
- Industrial fluids

#### Solutions for:

- · Family homes
- · Social housing
- Farm buildings
- Smallholdings
- Outbuildings

#### The Advantages:

- Easy to handle, lightweight and highly flexible
- Easy to assemble, no special tools required
- · Rapid work progress, up to 240m joint free installation
- Cut to length service, delivered directly to site
- Full design service, pipe sizing and material take-offs
- Load bearing, up to 60 tonnes at 0.5m depth

Over 35 million metres installed worldwide!

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## **System Description and Standards**

#### System description

A product fit for purpose. This is the fundamental idea behind our flexible, pre-insulated piping systems. The flexibility of the material, the convenient connecting methods and the well-attested service life and robustness of our pre-insulated pipes ultimately ensure that you, as the expert, can complete your projects quickly and easily. Whether you are dealing with an extensive supply network or a single connection to one building, the service we provide in association with our pre-insulated pipe systems also offers you comprehensive support at every phase of your project.



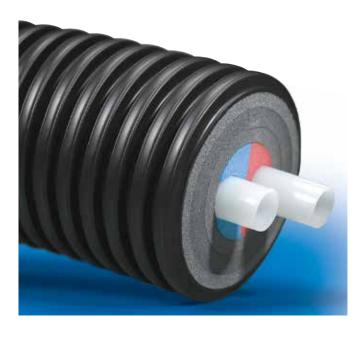
#### Quality, signed and sealed

Uncompromising quality is our number-one policy. Fully comprehensive quality control in production is just one aspect of our quality management system. And we regularly make sure that independent inspection organisations certify that our products meet the strictest standards.

#### Kiwa KOMO approval and certification

The interaction between components (pre-insulated pipes, rubber end caps, Wipex fitting range and insulation sets) is examined in the twice-yearly system approval according to the current BRL 5609 guideline.

The approval certifies a system service life of at least 30 years, as well as absence of leaks at a water pressure of 0.3 bar and an ambient temperature of 30°C. In addition, the heat losses, static strength and creep behaviour of the pipes are checked according to consistent specifications.



#### In accordance with BS EN 15632

Uponor flexible pre-insulated pipe systems are manufactured according to British & European Standard "BS EN 15632 - Part 1, 2 and 3 - District heating pipes - preinsulated flexible pipe systems".

#### **DIN Certco certification**

The annual certification according to VDI 2055 verifies the heat loss figures. The heat loss graphs for the flexible, pre-insulated pipes are prepared on this basis. The certification is based on defined layout conditions, and that means that the values are a good reflection of a real life system.

#### Static strength certification

The certificate, based on ATV DVWK-A127, demonstrates that our pipes, when laid in accordance with defined conditions, are suitable for loading by heavy traffic (SWL 60 = 60 t) according to worksheet ATV-A 127. The ring stiffness of the jacket pipe is proven according to EN ISO 9969.

#### Insulation performance of cross linked PE-foam

The water absorption of cross linked PE-foam is less than 1% by volume when tested according to BS EN 15632. Low water absorption means the insulating properties remain stable.

























## Flexibility - from the beginning through to the

No welding, no special tools. The flexibility and the low weight of our pre-insulated pipes mean that they are easy to handle and that building work proceeds quickly. They are also supported by a comprehensive range of accessories. From a variety of wall lead-throughs, insulation kits and the proven range of fittings.

#### The most important advantages for laying and connecting

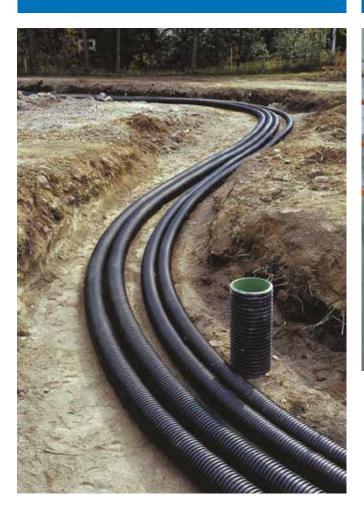
- Problem-free laying around corners and obstacles
- Up to 240 metres of joint-free installation in one piece
- Self-adjusting tube structure make it unnecessary to fit expansion compensators
- Fast building progress / short assembly times
- Easy, reliable jointing method, including subsequent insulation of connections and branches







- Cutting service: shorter lengths, individually trimmed for your building site
- Both standard and partial lengths are delivered in the shortest time
- Comprehensive support from experienced engineers for planning and layout
- Full project support and product training on-site
- Proven products with industry experence





### **Product overview:**

#### **Ecoflex Thermo**

#### Ideal for heating water supply

The ideal solution for distributing heating water in local heat supply networks, or for connecting building complexes and single houses. The Thermo Twin version also combines flow and return lines in a flexible pipe system. The dog bone structure helps identify the pipes at the plantroom.

The classification of the Thermo pipe system is described in EN 15632-3 as a non bonded system with a plastic medium pipe.

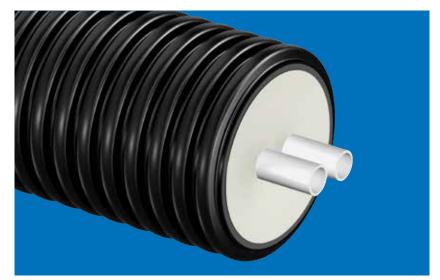


#### **Ecoflex Thermo PRO**

## Perfect for heating water distribution when heat losses need to be at a minimum.

The ideal solution for energy efficient heating water distribution in local heating networks, giving a market leading performance. The Thermo PRO Twin combines the flow and return lines in one flexible pipe system. Each of the pipes are marked for identification of the flow and return.

The classification of a Thermo PRO system is described in EN 15632-2 as a bonded composite system with plastic medium pipe.



#### **Ecoflex Thermo Mini**

## A heating solution for where size and flexibility is key.

Ecoflex Thermo Mini is a flexible, pre-insulated plastic pipe system for transporting heating water in buried installations. It is offered in a single pipe. Mini pipes have a smaller jacket pipe than our Thermo pipes, meaning it is more flexible and is subsequently ideal for tight installs.

The classification of a Thermo Mini pipe system is described in EN 15632-3 as a non bonded system with a plastic medium pipe.

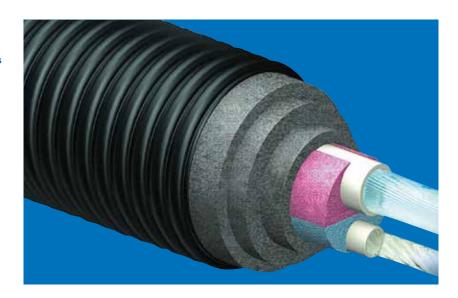


#### **Uponor Ecoflex Aqua**

## The ideal pipe for domestic hot water services distribution

The Ecoflex Aqua pipework system is specifically designed for hot water distribution. With a thicker wall than the thermo pipe system, it facilitates the high demands required for distributing hot water. The dog bone structure helps identify the pipes at the plantroom.

The Aqua pipe system is classified to BS EN 15632-3 as a non-bonded system with a plastic medium pipe.



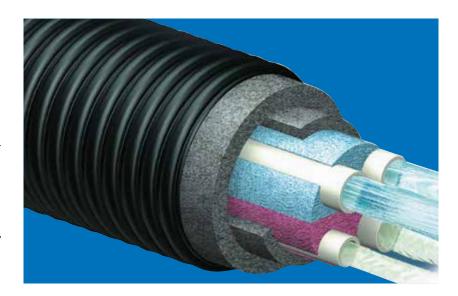
#### **Ecoflex Quattro**

#### One jacket; two applications

The Ecoflex Quattro is a perfect mix of both the Thermo and Aqua products. With 2 pipes for heating services flow/return and 2 pipes for domestic hot water flow/return. The dog bone structure helps identify the pipes at the plantroom.

The Quattro pipe system is classified to BS EN 15632-3 as a non-bonded system with a plastic medium pipe.

Please note this cannot be used for cold water services.



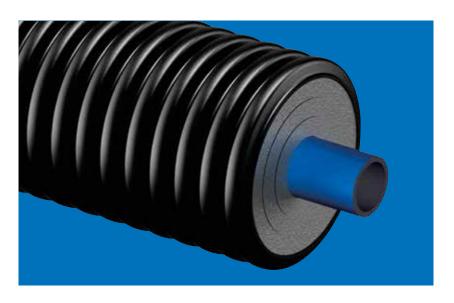
#### **Ecoflex Supra**

## The only solution for chilled and cold water services

The Ecoflex Supra pipe is an ideal solution for cold water services in the most demanding of environments. The PE100 pipework gives it a higher than normal specification for water mains along with insulation to help prevent freezing. Coupled with this is the great flexibility of all Ecoflex Systems, which makes it the ideal solution for water mains in harsh environments.

For even colder environments, a frost protection cable can be added for peace of mind.

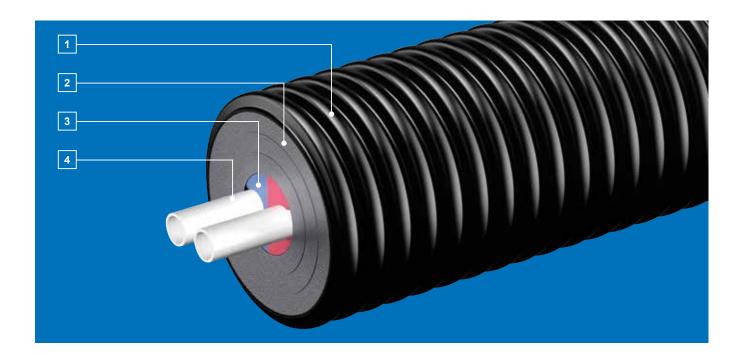
The Supra pipe system is classified to BS EN 15632-3 as a non-bonded system with a plastic medium pipe.



## **Ecoflex Thermo and Mini:** for flexibility and ease of installation

#### A practical solution for heating services, where service life and ease of install are key.

Ideal for the distribution of heating water in local heat supply networks, or as links to building complexes and individual housing. The Ecoflex Thermo Twin variant combines flow and return in just one pipe system.



- The PE-HD jacket pipe: impact-resistant with a long-life, yet flexible due to the Uponor pipe construction
- The insulation is made from cross linked polyethylene foam: ideal insulating properties, ageing-resistant, resistance to moisture and very high flexibility
- The coloured centring profile effectively avoids confusion between the flow and return pipes
- The PE-Xa carrier pipe: temperatureresistant and resilient to encrustation and stress cracking

#### Your benefits

- Easy handling and fast building progress through exceptional flexibility
- Age-resistant, permanently elastic insulation of closed-cell cross linked polyethylene foam, water absorption < 1% by volume</li>
- Heat losses externally monitored by DIN Certco
- Carrier pipe resistant to corrosion and encrustation
- The carrier pipe (PE-Xa) offers exceptional resistance to stress cracking, aggressive media, frost and micro-organisms
- Optimum ring stiffness and resistant to impact/pressure. At the same time, it offers high flexibility when laying and a low material weight

#### **Ecoflex Thermo Single**









#### **Primary application**

Heating water

#### Secondary applications

- Waste water
- Chemicals (call for confirmation)

#### Medium pipe

■ PE-Xa with EVOH, SDR 11 (6 bar)

#### Option

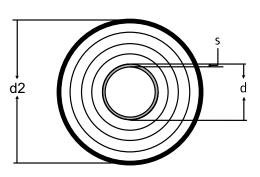
Heating cable

#### Insulating material

■ Cross linked PE foam

#### Jacket pipe material

■ PE-HD (PE 80)



Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]	U-value
1018109	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	20	140	1.10	200	0.25	45	0.148
1018110	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	25	140	1.20	200	0.30	42	0.174
1018111	40 / 32.6 / 3.7	32	175	2.20	200	0.35	55	0.172
1018112	50 / 40.8 / 4.6	40	175	2.43	200	0.45	50	0.203
1018113	63 / 51.4 / 5.8	50	175	2.73	200	0.55	43	0.249
1018114	75 / 61.4 / 6.8	65	200	3.74	100	0.80	49	0.257
1018115	90 / 73.6 / 8.2	80	200	4.20	100	1.10	39	0.315
1018116	110 / 90.0 / 10.0	100	200	5.24	100	1.20	30	0.421
1083868	125 / 102.2 / 11.4	125	250	7.30	80	1.40	46	0.378

#### **Ecoflex Thermo Twin**





80°C max.95°C



#### **Primary application**

Heating water

#### Secondary applications

- Waste water
- Chemicals (call for confirmation)

#### Medium pipe

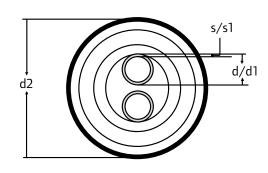
■ PE-Xa with EVOH, SDR 11 (6 bar)

#### Insulating material

■ Cross linked PE foam

#### Jacket pipe material

■ PE-HD (PE 80)



Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]	U-value
1018134	(2x) 25 / 20.4 / 2.3	2x20	175	2.09	200	0.5	43	0.201
1018135	(2x) 32 / 26.2 / 2.9	2x25	175	2.16	200	0.6	38	0.241
1018136	(2x) 40 / 32.6 / 3.7	2x32	175	2.50	200	0.8	28	0.293
1018137	(2x) 50 / 40.8 / 4.6	2x40	200	3.59	100	1.0	32	0.314
1018138	(2x) 63 / 51.4 / 5.8	2x50	200	4.49	100	1.2	18	0.42
1088276	(2x) 75 / 61.4 / 6.8	2x65	250	6.43	100	1.4	28	0.369



#### **Ecoflex Mini Single**





80°C max. 95°C





#### **Primary application**

Heating water

#### Secondary applications

- Foodstuffs (call for confirmation)
- Chemicals (call for confirmation)

#### Medium pipe

■ PE-Xa with EVOH, SDR 11 (6 bar)

#### Insulating material

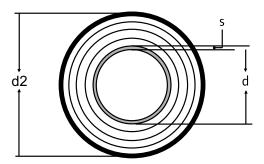
■ Cross linked PE-foam

#### Jacket pipe material

■ PE-HD (PE 80)

#### NOTE!

The alternative solution for heating water distribution in local heating networks and for single building connections.



Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]	U-value
1018132	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	20	68	0.50	200	0.20	15	0.219
1018133	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	25	68	0.55	200	0.25	12	0.278

## **Heat Loss Charts**

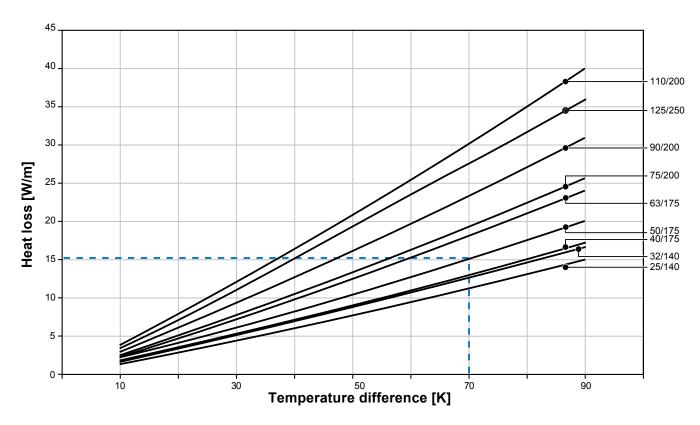
#### **Ecoflex Thermo Single**

1.0 W/mK Thermal conductivity ground: Ground coverage: 0.8 m



#### NOTE!

Heat loss data in the diagram is calculated with a safety factor of 1,05, according to the requirements of the German "VDI-AG Gütesicherung". This is dependent on the production related tolerance.



#### Example for Ecoflex Thermo Single 50/175

 $T_{M}$  = Medium temperature

 $T_E$  = Ground temperature

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature difference (K)

 $\Delta T = T_M - T_E$   $T_M = 75 \,^{\circ}C$ 

 $T_{E} = 5 \,^{\circ}C$   $\Delta T = 75 - 5 = 70 \,^{\circ}K$ 

Heat loss: 15.1 W/m





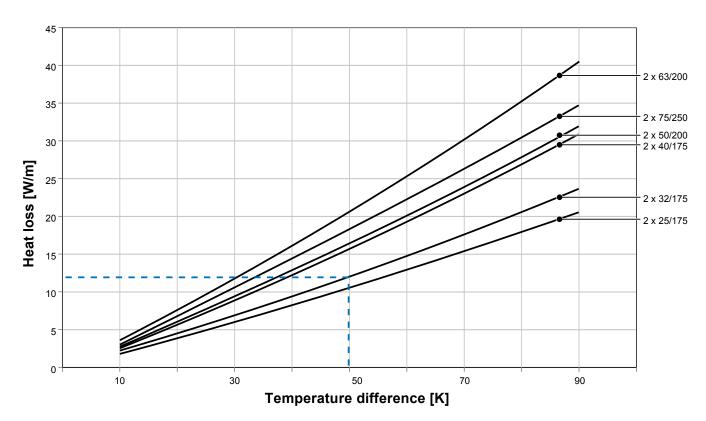
#### **Ecoflex Thermo Twin**

Thermal conductivity ground: 1.0 W/mK Ground coverage: 0.8 m



#### NOTE!

Heat loss data in the diagram is calculated with a safety factor of 1,05, according to the requirements of the German "VDI-AG Gütesicherung". This is dependent on the production related tolerance.



#### Example for Ecoflex Thermo Twin 2 x 32/175

 $T_V$  = Flow temperature

 $T_R$  = Return temperature

 $T_E$  = Ground temperature

 $\Delta T$  = Temperature difference (K)

 $\Delta T = (T_V + T_R)/2 - T_E$ 

 $T_V = 70 \,^{\circ}C$ 

 $T_R = 40 \,^{\circ}C$ 

 $T_E = 5 ^{\circ}C$ 

 $\Delta T = (70 + 40)/2 - 5 = 50 \text{ K}$ 

Heat loss: 12 W/m





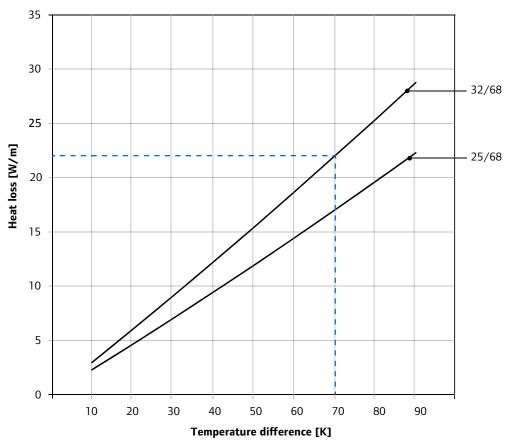
#### **Ecoflex Thermo Mini**

Thermal conductivity ground: 1.0 W/mK Ground cover: 0.8 m



#### NOTE!

Heat loss data in the diagram is calculated with a safety factor of 1.05, according to the requirements of the German "VDI-AG Gütesicherung". This is dependent on the production related tolerances.



#### Example for Ecoflex Thermo Mini 32/68

 $\theta_{M}$  = Temperature of medium

 $\theta_{\rm F}$  = Temperature of the ground

 $\Delta\theta$  = Temperature difference (K)

 $\Delta \theta = \theta_{M} - \theta_{E}$ 

 $\theta_{\rm M} = 75 \,^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 

 $\theta_{F} = 5 ^{\circ}C$ 

 $\Delta\theta = 75 - 5 = 70 \text{ K}$ 

Heat loss: 22.5 W/m

#### NOTE!

The diagram shows the heat loss of one pipe. The heat loss of flow and return has to be calculated separately. To get the total heat loss add the flow and return heat losses.

## Ecoflex Thermo PRO: energy efficiency with best in class flexibility

## A solution for heating services, where service life and limited thermal loss are key.

The unique construction of Ecoflex Thermo PRO combines low thermal loss with a good level of flexibility. The known features of the Ecoflex product range such as the strong corrugated jacket and cross-linked PE foam come together with highly efficient PUR insulation material to provide the optimal solution for an energy efficient system.



- The PE-HD jacket pipe: impact-resistant with a long-life, yet flexible due to the Uponor pipe geometry
- PE foil helps to keep the PUR performance higher for longer
- PEX foam layer helps to give the Thermo PRO best in class flexibility
- 4 PUR foam provides the Thermo PRO with 40% better insulation values compared to PEX foam insulations
- The PE-Xa carrier pipe: temperatureresistant, resistant to encrustation and stress cracking

#### Your benefits

- Excellent energy efficiency due to high insulation performance
- Unique pipe construction provides best in class flexibility and long term performance of a heating system
- Carrier pipe resistant to corrosion and encrustation
- The carrier pipe (PE-Xa) offers exceptional resistance to stress cracking, aggressive media, frost and micro-organisms
- Optimum ring stiffness and resistant to impact/pressure. At the same time it offers high flexibility when laying and a low material weight

#### **Ecoflex Thermo PRO Single PN 6 pipe range**





80°C max.95°C





#### **Primary application**

Heating water

#### Secondary applications

- Waste water
- Chemicals (call for confirmation)

#### Medium pipe

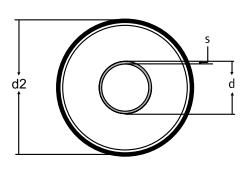
■ PE-Xa with EVOH, SDR 11 (6 bar)

#### Insulating material

■ PUR foam and cross linked PE foam

#### Jacket pipe material

■ PE-HD (PE 80)



Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]	U-value
1087378	40 x 3.7	32	145	1.99	240	0.50	42	0.114
1087379	40 x 3.7	32	175	3.07	150	0.70	53	0.099
1087383	50 x 4.6	40	145	2.27	240	0.60	37	0.139
1087384	50 x 4.6	40	175	2.96	150	0.70	50	0.118
1087385	63 x 5.8	50	175	3.26	150	0.70	43	0.146
1087386	63 x 5.8	50	200	3.84	100	0.80	53	0.130
1087387	75 x 6.8	65	175	3.60	150	0.80	37	0.179
1087388	75 x 6.8	65	200	4.18	100	0.90	47	0.155
1087389	90 x 8.2	80	200	4.70	100	1.10	39	0.195
1087390	110 x 10.0	100	200	5.51	100	1.20	29	0.271

#### **Ecoflex Thermo PRO Twin PN 6 pipe range**









**Primary application** 

Heating water

#### Secondary applications

- Waste water
- Chemicals (call for confirmation)

#### Medium pipe

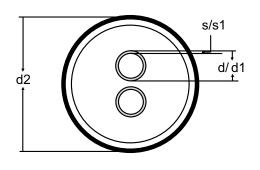
■ PE-Xa with EVOH, SDR 11 (6 bar)

#### Insulating material

■ PUR Foam and cross linked PE foam

#### Jacket pipe material

■ PE-HD (PE 80)



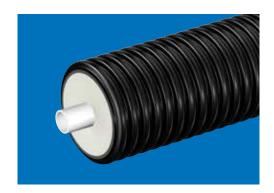
Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]	U-value
1087392	25 x 2.3	20 + 20	145	1.97	240	0.60	32	0.137
1087393	25 x 2.3	20 + 20	175	2.71	150	0.70	45	0.116
1087394	32 x 2.9	25 + 25	145	2.15	240	0.60	25	0.173
1087395	32 x 2.9	25 + 25	175	2.87	150	0.80	38	0.140
1087396	40 x 3.7	32 + 32	175	3.13	150	0.80	30	0.175
1087397	40 x 3.7	32 + 32	200	3.70	100	1.00	37	0.150
1087398	50 x 4.6	40 + 40	200	4.08	100	1.10	34	0.195
1087399	63 x 5.8	50 + 50	200	4.69	100	1.20	16	0.266

## **Heat Loss Charts**

#### **Heat loss Ecoflex Thermo PRO Single PN 6**

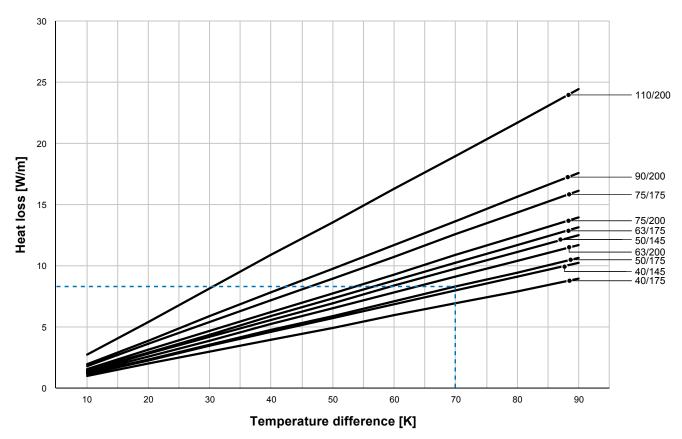
Thermal conductivity of the ground: 1.0 W/mK Ground cover: 0.8 m

Please contact the Uponor sales office for an installation specific heat loss calculation.



#### NOTE!

The diagram shows the heat loss of one pipe. The heat loss of flow and return has to be calculated separately. To get the total heat loss add the flow and return heat losses.



#### Example for Thermo PRO Single 50/175

 $\begin{array}{ll} \theta_{_{\rm M}} & = & {\rm Temperature~of~medium} \\ \theta_{_{\rm E}} & = & {\rm Temperature~of~the~ground} \\ \Delta \theta & = & {\rm Temperature~difference~(K)} \end{array}$ 

 $\Delta\theta = \theta_{M} - \theta_{E}$   $\theta_{M} = 75 ^{\circ}C$  $\theta_{E} = 5 ^{\circ}C$ 

 $\Delta\theta = 75 - 5 = 70 \text{ K}$ 

Heat loss: 8.3 W/m

#### **Heat loss Ecoflex Thermo PRO Twin PN 6**

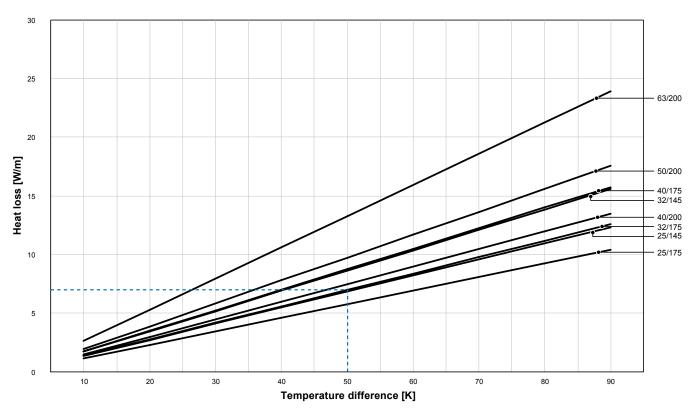
Thermal conductivity of the ground: 1.0 W/mK Ground cover: 0.8 m

Please contact the Uponor sales office for an installation specific heat loss calculation.



#### NOTE!

The diagram shows the heat loss for both the flow and return. Please note you do not need to calculate the flow and return separately.



#### Example for Thermo PRO Twin 2 x 32/175

 $\theta_{v}$  = Flow temperature

 $\theta_p$  = Return temperature

 $\theta_{\rm E}$  = Temperature of the ground

 $\Delta\theta$  = Temperature difference (K)

 $\Delta\theta = (\theta_V + \theta_R)/2 - \theta_E$ 

 $\theta_{V}$  = 70 °C

 $\theta_{p} = 40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

 $\theta_{E} = 5 ^{\circ}C$ 

 $\Delta\theta = (70 + 40)/2 - 5 = 50 \text{ K}$ 

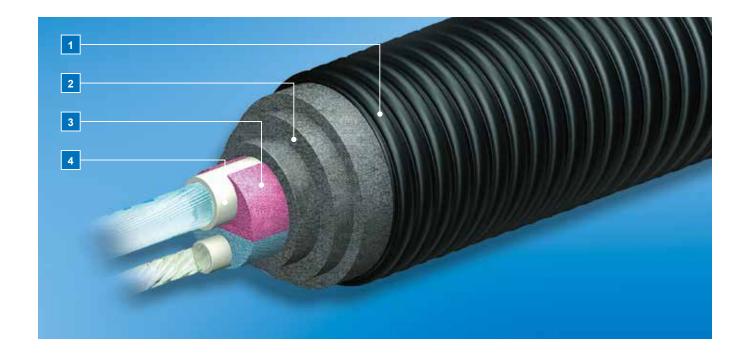
Heat loss: 7.0 W/m

## **Ecoflex Aqua**

## The perfect flexible solution for domestic hot water services.

A thicker walled pipework (SDR7.4) makes this a perfect solution for domestic hot water services. The twin design within the pipework has been produced with a circulation loop system in mind.





- The PE-HD jacket pipe: impact-resistant with a long-life, yet flexible due to the Uponor pipe geometry
- The insulation made from cross linked polyethylene foam: ideal insulating properties, ageing-resistant, resistance to moisture and very high flexibility
- The coloured centring profile effectively avoids confusion between the flow and return pipes
- 4 The PE-Xa carrier pipe: temperatureresistant and resilient to encrustation and stress cracking

#### Your benefits

- Unique pipe construction provides best in class flexibility and long term performance of a heating system
- The carrier pipe is resistant to corrosion and encrustation
- The carrier pipe (PE-Xa) offers exceptional resistance to stress cracking, aggressive media, frost and micro-organisms
- Optimum ring stiffness and resistant to impact/pressure. At the same time it offers high flexibility when laying and a low material weight

#### **Aqua Single**





70°C max.95°C





#### Main application

■ Potable water, warm

#### Other applications

- Foodstuffs
- Chemicals

#### Medium pipe

■ PE-Xa, SDR 7.4

#### Option

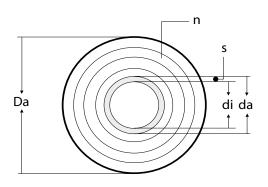
Heating cable

#### Insulating material

■ PE-X foam

#### Material jacket pipe

HDPE



Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]
1018117	25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20	140	1.20	200	0.35	45
1018118	32 / 23.2 / 4.4	25	140	1.30	200	0.40	42
1018119	40 / 29.0 / 5.5	32	175	2.37	200	0.45	55
1018120	50 / 36.2 / 6.9	40	175	2.71	200	0.55	50
1018121	63 / 45.6 / 8.7	50	175	3.17	200	0.65	43
1018122	75 / 54.4 / 10.3	65	200	4.3	100	0.9	49
1018123	90 / 65.4 / 12.3	80	200	5.3	100	1.2	39
1036036	110 / 79.8 / 15.1	100	200	6.5	100	1.3	30

#### **Aqua Twin**





70°C max.95°C





#### Main application

 Potable water, warm with circulation

#### Other applications

- Foodstuffs
- Chemicals

#### Medium pipe

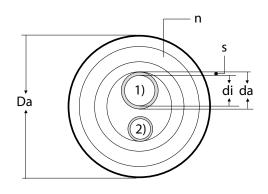
■ PE-Xa, SDR 7.4

#### Insulating material

■ PE-X foam

#### Material jacket pipe

HDPE



Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]
1018139	1) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5 2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20 20	175	2.22	200	0.65	43
1018140	1) 32 / 23.2 / 4.4	25	175	2.37	200	0.70	38
1010110	2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20			_00	0.70	00
1018141	1) 40 / 29.0 / 5.5	32	175	2.62	200	0.90	38
1018141	2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20	173	2.02	200	0.90	36
1018142	1) 50 / 36.2 / 6.9	40	175	2.90	200	1.00	28
1010142	2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20	175	2.90	200	1.00	20

## **Ecoflex Quattro**



## The one pipe solution for your domestic hot and heating service needs

A 4 pipe system designed for carrying heating and hot water flow and return services – all in just one pipe: there is no easier or more cost-efficient way of linking up individual buildings or building complexes.

Please note this pipework cannot be used for cold water distribution.



#### **Ecoflex Quattro**







6/10 bar

#### Main application

- Heating water
- Potable water, warm with circulation

#### Medium pipe

- 2 PE-Xa, SDR 7.4
- 2 PE-Xa with EVOH, SDR 11

#### Insulating material

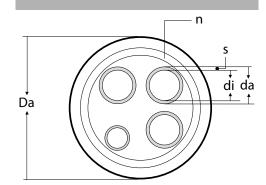
■ PE-X foam

#### Material jacket pipe

HDPE

#### NOTE!

Ecoflex Quattro pipelines are also practical and cost-efficient for linking up annex buildings. The two-coloured Dog Bone prevents confusion when connecting the carrier pipe.

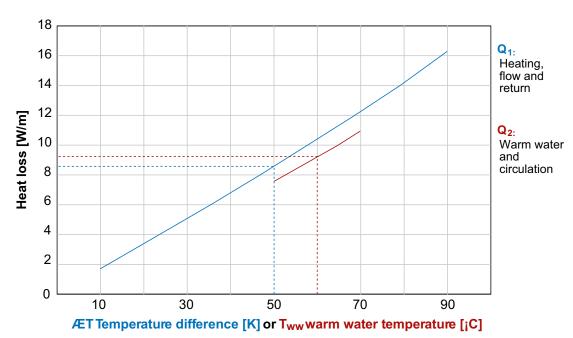


Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]
1018147	2x 25 / 20.4 / 2.3 2x 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	2x20 2x20	175	2.40	200	0.80	35
1018148	2x 32 / 26.2 / 2.9 2x 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	2x25 2x20	175	2.60	200	0.80	35
1018149	2x 32 / 26.2 / 2.9 32 / 23.2 / 4.4 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	2x25 1x25 1x20	175	2.70	200	0.80	34

#### **Ecoflex Quattro**

Thermal conductivity ground: 1.0 W/mK Ground coverage: 0.8 m





#### **Example for Ecoflex Quattro**

 $T_V$  = flow temperature

 $T_R$  = return temperature  $T_E$  = ground temperature

 $\Delta T$  = temperature difference (K)

T<sub>WW</sub>= temperature warm water and circulation line

 $\Delta T = (T_V + T_R)/2 - T_E$ 

 $T_V = 70 \,^{\circ}C$ 

 $T_R = 40 \,^{\circ}C$ 

 $T_E = 5 ^{\circ}C$ 

 $\Delta T = (70 + 40)/2 - 5 = 50 \text{ K}$ 

T<sub>WW</sub>= 60 °C

It follows therefore that:

 $Q_1$  (at  $\Delta T = 50K$ ) = 8.5 W/m $Q_2$  (at Tww = 60 °C) = 9.2 W/m

Specific heat loss per running metre:

 $Q = Q_1 + Q_2 = (8.5 + 9.2) \text{ W/m} = 17.7 \text{ W/m}$ 

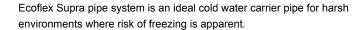


Heat loss checked by FIW München:

Art.-No.: 1018149

## **Ecoflex Supra**

## The perfect solution for cold water mains in demanding environments.















#### **Ecoflex Supra**







16 bar

25–110 mr

#### Main application

- Potable water, cold
- Cooling water

#### Other applications

- Waste water
- Medium pipe
- HDPE (PE 100), SDR 11

#### Insulating material

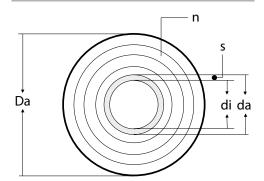
■ PE-X foam

#### Material jacket pipe

HDPE

#### NOTE!

For swimming pools, hotels, wellness centres or in industry. Supra is optimised for media temperatures from - 10 °C to + 20 °C.



#### NOTE!

The full Plasson range of Electrofusion and compression fittings can be used with Supra pipework.

Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]
1018124	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	20	68	0.52	200	0.20	12
1018125	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	25	68	0.62	200	0.25	15
1018126	40 / 32.6 / 3.7	32	140	1.44	200	0.30	39
1018127	50 / 40.8 / 4.6	40	140	1.67	200	0.40	34
1018128	63 / 51.4 / 5.8	50	140	1.97	200	0.50	27
1018129	75 / 61.4 / 6.8	65	175	2.89	100	0.60	38
1018130	90 / 73.6 / 8.2	80	175	3.31	100	0.70	28
1018131	110 / 90.0 / 10.0	100	200	5.24	100	1.20	30

## **Ecoflex Supra Plus**

For liquids and water transport at extremely low temperatures. Ecoflex Supra Plus is supplied with a self-regulating frost protection cable. It makes good sense to use this product if the pipeline is installed in conditions lacking weather protection, i.e. above ground or in shallow burial situations. The cable, rated at 10 W/m will provide frost protection to a minimum of -25°C.



#### **Ecoflex Supra Plus**







16 bar

(ö

25–110

The full plasson range of Electrofusion and compression fittings can be used with Supra pipework.

NOTE!

#### Main application

- Potable water, cold
- Cooling water

#### Other applications

- Waste water
- Medium pipe
- HDPE (PE 100), SDR 11

#### **Protection cable**

Frost cable (Supra Plus)

#### Insulating material

■ PE-X foam

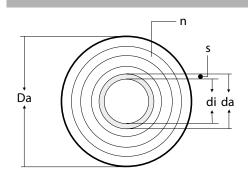
#### Material jacket pipe

HDPE

Note: Max 150m of pipe per thermostat.

#### NOTE!

When ordering Supra Plus, an additional 0.5m allowance should be made at each end to facilitate easier cable connection. Burial depth should also be considered to ensure sufficient pipe length is ordered.



Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]
1048902	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	20	68	0.52	150	0.20	12
1048903	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	25	68	0.62	150	0.25	15
1048904	40 / 32.6 / 3.7	32	140	1.44	150	0.30	39
1048905	50 / 40.8 / 4.6	40	140	1.67	150	0.40	34
1048906	63 / 51.4 / 5.8	50	140	1.97	150	0.50	27
1048907	75 / 61.4 / 6.8	65	175	2.89	100	0.60	38
1048908	90 / 73.6 / 8.2	80	175	3.31	100	0.70	28
1048909	110 / 90.0 / 10.0	100	200	5.24	100	1.20	30

## **Technical specifications**

#### **Properties of the Uponor PE-Xa medium pipes**



The approved PEX pipes are suitable for carrying hot water services up to 70°C Continuous, and a maximum pressure of 10 bar. The Uponor PE- Xa pipe is manufactured in accordance with DIN EN 15875-2, with a diameter/wall thickness ratio SDR 7.4 .

Mechanical properties	Standards	Temperature	Standard value	Unit
Density			938	kg/m³
Tensile strength	DIN 53455	20 °C	19 – 26	N/mm²
	DIN 53455	80 °C	9 – 13	N/mm²
Elasticity module	DIN 53457	20 °C	600 – 900	N/mm²
	DIN 53457	80 °C	300 – 350	N/mm²
Elongation at break	DIN 53455 DIN 53455	20 °C 100 °C	350 – 550 500 – 700	% %
Impact strength	DIN 53453	−140 °C	no break	kJ/m²
	DIN 53453	20 °C	no break	kJ/m²
	DIN 53453	100 °C	no break	kJ/m²
Moisture absorption	DIN 53472	22 °C	0.01	mg/4d
Friction coefficient with steel			0.08 – 0.1	
Oxygen-		20 °C	0.8 x 10-13	g m/m²s bar
Permeability		55 °C	3.0 x 10-13	g m/m²s bar



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#### Thermo

Ecoflex Thermo medium pipes are coated with an EVAL oxygen diffusion barrier as per DIN 4726 and suit transportation of heating water up to 80°C continouous and a maximum pressure of 6 bar. The diameter-wall thickness ratio is SDR 11.

Thermal properties	Standards	Temperature	Standard value	Unit
Application temperature			-50 to +95	°C
Linear coefficient		20 °C	1.4 x 10-4	m/mK
of expansion		100 °C	2.05 x 10-4	m/mK
Softening point			+133	°C
Specific heat			2.3	kJ/kgK
Thermal conductivity	DIN 4725		0.35	W/mK

#### PE-100 medium pipe (applications up to 20°C)



#### Supra

The medium pipe in our Ecoflex Supra pipeline is produced in HDPE (PE 100)\*. With a diameter-wall thickness ratio SDR 11 and pressure load of a maximum 16 bar at 20°C. It is designed especially for transporting cold potable water and for use in cooling water networks. Our HDPE carrier pipe is WRAS material approved.

Property	Standard	PE 100 (std.values)	Unit
Density at 23 °C	DIN 53479 ISO 1183 ISO/R 1183	approx. 0.96	g/cm²
Break strength	DIN 53495	38	N/mm²
Elongation at break	DIN 53495	> 600	%
Tensile strength at yield	DIN 53495	25	N/mm²
Elasticity module (tensile test)	ISO 178	approx. 1.200	N/mm²
Hardness	ISO 2039	46	N/mm²
Vicat-softening point VST-A/50 VST-B/50	DIN/ISO 306	127 77	°C
Thermal conductivity (at 20 °C)	DIN 52612	0.38	W/mK
Application temperature (16 bar)		-10 to +20	°C
Thermal linear expansion coefficient	DIN 53752	1.8 x 10⁴	1/°C
Fire behaviour	DIN 4102 Part 1	B2	-



#### Long-term properties

Uponor PE-Xa pipes have been approved by DVGW since 1977. The approval is based on testing

by international testing institutes. Stress tests show that at a temperature of 70 °C and a pressure level of 10 bar in

continuous operation, the pipe has an estimated service life of more than 50 years.

#### Classification of service conditions according to EN ISO 15875 of PE-Xa pipes for pre-insulated pipes

Uponor PE-Xa pipe systems are designed according to EN ISO 15875 (Plastics piping systems for hot and cold water installations - crosslinked polyethylene (PE-X)).

Application class	Operating temperature $\theta_{\scriptscriptstyle D}$	Time at T <sub>D</sub>	T <sub>max</sub>	Time at T <sub>max</sub>	T <sub>mal</sub>	Time at T <sub>mal</sub>	Typical application			
	[°C]	[years]	[°C]	[years]	[°C]	[h]				
1a	60	49	80	1	95	100	Hot water distribution (60°C)			
2a	70	49	80	1	95	100	Hot water distribution (70°C)			
	20	2.5								
	Follov	ved by								
	40	20					Underfloor heating and low-			
<b>4</b> <sup>b</sup>	Follov	Followed by		2.5	100	100	temperature radiators			
	60	25								
		ved by		wed by						
	(see nex	t column)	(see ne	xt column)						
	20	14								
	Follov	ved by								
	60	25								
5⁵	Follov	ved by	90	1	100	100	High-temperature radiators			
	80	10								
		ved by t column)		owed by xt column)						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> In order to comply with national regulations, a country may apply either class 1 or 2.

NB! For values exceeding those in the table for  $T_{\rm D}$  ,  $T_{\rm max}$  and  $T_{\rm mal}$ , this standard is not applicable.

#### Classification of service conditions according to EN 15632-2 and 3 of pre-insulated PE-Xa pipes

The pre-insulated PE-Xa heating pipes and related system components from Uponor are designed according to BS EN 15632 District heating pipes – Pre-insulated flexible pipe systems – Part 2: Bonded system with plastic service pipes - Requirements and test methods (Ecoflex Thermo PRO) and Part 3: Non bonded system with plastic service pipes (Ecoflex Thermo, Mini, Aqua, Supra and Quattro).

## Operating temperatures and service life

The Uponor pre-insulated PE-Xa pipe systems according to BS EN 15632 are designed for a service life time of at least 30 years when operated at the following temperature profile: 29 years at 80 °C + 1 year at 90 °C + 100 h at 95 °C.

Other temperature/time profiles can be applied in accordance

with EN ISO 13760 (Miner's Rule). Further information is given in BS EN 15632 Part 2 and 3, Annex A. The maximum operating temperature shall not exceed 95 °C.

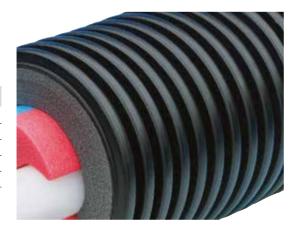
b Where more than one operating temperature is shown for any class, the times must be added up, e.g. the operating temperature profile for 50 years for class 5 is: 20 °C for 14 years followed by 60 °C for 25 years, 80 °C for 10 years, 90 °C for one year and 100 °C for 100 h.

#### Material properties of the jacket pipe

The stable, impact-resistant PE-HD jacket protects the insulation and carrier pipes from external loads. The design of the pipe

ensures a high flexibility and high static load capacity.

Property	Value	Unit	Method
Material	PE-HD (PE 80)	-	-
UV-stabilised	yes	-	-
Fire behaviour	E	-	EN13501-1
Density	957 – 959	kg/m³	ISO 1183
Modulus of elasticity	~ 1000	MPa	ISO 527-2



#### Material properties of the insulation

#### **PEX Foam**

The age-resistant cross linked PE-foam insulation consists of crosslinked polyethylene and has, (due to its closed cell structure)

only minimal water absorption. The multi-layer design combines maximum flexibility and optimum heat insulation.

Property	Value	Unit	Method
Density	approx. 28	kg/m³	DIN 53420
Tensile strength	28	N/cm <sup>2</sup>	DIN 53571
Operating temperature limits-			
- Minimum	-40	°C	
- Maximum	+95	°C	
Water absorption	< 1,0	volume-%	EN 489
Fire behaviour	E	-	EN13501-1
Compressive strength 50% deformation	73	kPa	DIN 53577
Water vapour transmission/ 10 mm thickness	1,55	g/m² d	DIN 53429
Thermal conductivity	50 °C : 0,040	DIN 52612	



#### **PUR Foam**

The PUR insulation material is made of a halogen-free polyurethane foam and an additional insulation layer made of cross linked PE-foam. In combination with the corrugated outer casing, this provides

maximum flexibility. To ensure long term thermal properties a outer foil layer helps to prevent the degassing effect. The material is free of CFC / HCFC and HFC.

Property	Value	Unit	Method
Density	60	kg/m³	ISO
Tensile strength	-	kPa	ISO 1926
Operating temperature limits-			
- Minimum	-80	°C	
- Maximum	+110	°C	
Water absorption	3-4	volume-%	EN 489
Thermal conductivity	50 °C : 0,0219	W/m K	DIN 52612



## **Dimensioning Pipes**

#### **Ecoflex Thermo/Thermo PRO**

#### Quick dimensioning table PN 6

#### Heating pipe PN 6

ΔT = 15 K	∆T = 20 K	∆T = 25 K	∆T = 30 K	∆T = 35 K	∆T = 40 K	Mass flow rate	Pipe type ∆p. v	Pipe type ∆p. v	Pipe type ∆p. v
15 kW	20 kW	25 kW	30 kW	35 kW	40 kW	860 kg/h	25/20.4 0.3016 kPa/m 0.740 m/s	32/26.2 0.0909 kPa/m 0.449 m/s	40/32.6 0.0319 kPa/m 0.290 m/s
30 kW	40 kW	50 kW	60 kW	70 kW	80 kW	1720 kg/h	32/26.2 0.3157 kPa/m 0.897 m/s	40/32.6 0.1106 kPa/m 0.579 m/s	50/40.8 0.0377 kPa/m 0.370 m/s
45 kW	60 kW	75 kW	90 kW	105 kW	120 kW	2581 kg/h	32/26.2 0.6553 kPa/m 1.346 m/s	40/32.6 0.2294 kPa/m 0.869 m/s	50/40.8 0.0782 kPa/m 0.555 m/s
60 kW	80 kW	100 kW	120 kW	140 kW	160 kW	3441 kg/h	40/32.6 0.3853 kPa/m 1.159 m/s	50/40.8 0.1312 kPa/m 0.740 m/s	63/51.4 0.0433 kPa/m 0.466 m/s
75 kW	100 kW	125 kW	150 kW	175 kW	200 kW	4301 kg/h	50/40.8 0.1961 kPa/m 0.925 m/s	63/51.4 0.0647 kPa/m 0.583 m/s	75/61.4 0.0276 kPa/m 0.408 m/s
90 kW	120 kW	150 kW	180 kW	210 kW	240 kW	5161 kg/h	50/40.8 0.2725 kPa/m 1.110 m/s	63/51.4 0.0899 kPa/m 0.699 m/s	75/61.4 0.0383 kPa/m 0.490 m/s
105 kW	140 kW	175 kW	210 kW	245 kW	280 kW	6022 kg/h	50/40.8 0.3599 kPa/m 1.295 m/s	63/51.4 0.1186 kPa/m 0.816 m/s	75/61.4 0.0505 kPa/m 0.572 m/s
120 kW	160 kW	200 kW	240 kW	280 kW	320 kW	6882 kg/h	63/51.4 0.1510 kPa/m 0.932 m/s	75/61.4 0.0643 kPa/m 0.653 m/s	90/73.6 0.0269 kPa/m 0.455 m/s
135 kW	180 kW	225 kW	270 kW	315 kW	360 kW	7742 kg/h	63/51.4 0.1867 kPa/m 1.049 m/s	75/61.4 0.0795 kPa/m 0.735 m/s	90/73.6 0.0333 kPa/m 0.512 m/s
150 kW	200 kW	250 kW	300 kW	350 kW	400 kW	8602 kg/h	63/51.4 0.2259 kPa/m 1.165 m/s	75/61.4 0.0961 kPa/m 0.817 m/s	90/73.6 0.0402 kPa/m 0.568 m/s
165 kW	220 kW	275 kW	330 kW	385 kW	440 kW	9.462 kg/h	63/51.4 0.2684 kPa/m 1.282 m/s	75/61.4 0.1142 kPa/m 0.898 m/s	90/73.6 0.0478 kPa/m 0.625 m/s
180 kW	240 kW	300 kW	360 kW	420 kW	480 kW	10323 kg/h	75/61.4 0.1336 kPa/m 0.980 m/s	90/73.6 0.0559 kPa/m 0.682 m/s	110/90.0 0.0213 kPa/m 0.456 m/s
195 kW	260 kW	325 kW	390 kW	455 kW	520 kW	11183 kg/h	75/61.4 0.1544 kPa/m 1.062 m/s	90/73.6 0.0646 kPa/m 0.739 m/s	110/90.0 0.0246 kPa/m 0.494 m/s
210 kW	280 kW	350 kW	420 kW	490 kW	560 kW	12043 kg/h	75/61.4 0.1766 kPa/m 1.143 m/s	90/73.6 0.0739 kPa/m 0.796 m/s	110/90.0 0.0281 kPa/m 0.532 m/s
225 kW	300 kW	375 kW	450 kW	525 kW	600 kW	12903 kg/h	75/61.4 0.2000 kPa/m 1.225 m/s	90/73.6 0.0837 kPa/m 0.853 m/s	110/90.0 0.0318 kPa/m 0.570 m/s
240 kW	320 kW	400 kW	480 kW	560 kW	640 kW	13763 kg/h	75/61.4 0.2248 kPa/m 1.307 m/s	90/73.6 0.0940 kPa/m 0.909 m/s	110/90.0 0.0358 kPa/m 0.608 m/s
255 kW	340 kW	425 kW	510 kW	595 kW	680 kW	14624 kg/h	90/73.6 0.1049 kPa/m	110/90.0 0.0399 kPa/m	125/102 0.0217 kPa/m 0.501 m/s
270 kW	360 kW	450 kW	540 kW	630 kW	720 kW	15484 kg/h	90/73.6 0.1164 kPa/m	110/90.0 0.0442 kPa/m	125/102 0.0240 kPa/m 0.531 m/s
285 kW	380 kW	475 kW	570 kW	665 kW	760 kW	16344 kg/h	90/73.6 0.1283 kPa/m 1.080 m/s	110/90.0 0.0488 kPa/m 0.722 m/s	125/102 0.0265 kPa/m 0.560 m/s
	15 kW 30 kW 45 kW 60 kW 75 kW 90 kW 105 kW 120 kW 150 kW 150 kW 150 kW 210 kW 225 kW 240 kW 270 kW	15 kW 20 kW 30 kW 40 kW 45 kW 60 kW 60 kW 80 kW 75 kW 100 kW 120 kW 120 kW 120 kW 135 kW 160 kW 150 kW 200 kW 150 kW 220 kW 165 kW 220 kW 180 kW 240 kW 210 kW 260 kW 225 kW 300 kW 240 kW 255 kW 340 kW	15 kW 20 kW 25 kW 30 kW 40 kW 50 kW 45 kW 60 kW 75 kW 60 kW 100 kW 125 kW 90 kW 120 kW 150 kW 105 kW 140 kW 175 kW 120 kW 200 kW 135 kW 200 kW 255 kW 150 kW 200 kW 250 kW 165 kW 240 kW 300 kW 195 kW 360 kW 375 kW 240 kW 375 kW	15 kW 20 kW 25 kW 30 kW 30 kW 40 kW 50 kW 60 kW 45 kW 60 kW 75 kW 90 kW 60 kW 80 kW 100 kW 120 kW 75 kW 100 kW 125 kW 150 kW 90 kW 120 kW 150 kW 180 kW 105 kW 140 kW 200 kW 240 kW 135 kW 180 kW 225 kW 270 kW 150 kW 200 kW 250 kW 300 kW 165 kW 220 kW 275 kW 330 kW 180 kW 300 kW 360 kW 195 kW 260 kW 325 kW 390 kW 210 kW 350 kW 420 kW 225 kW 375 kW 350 kW 240 kW 350 kW 450 kW 240 kW 320 kW 450 kW	15 kW 20 kW 25 kW 30 kW 35 kW 30 kW 40 kW 50 kW 60 kW 70 kW 45 kW 60 kW 75 kW 90 kW 105 kW 60 kW 80 kW 100 kW 120 kW 140 kW 75 kW 100 kW 125 kW 150 kW 210 kW 105 kW 140 kW 175 kW 210 kW 245 kW 105 kW 160 kW 200 kW 240 kW 280 kW 135 kW 180 kW 225 kW 300 kW 350 kW 165 kW 220 kW 275 kW 330 kW 385 kW 180 kW 325 kW 300 kW 420 kW 195 kW 260 kW 325 kW 390 kW 455 kW 210 kW 300 kW 420 kW 490 kW 225 kW 300 kW 450 kW 450 kW 560 kW 240 kW 325 kW 510 kW 595 kW 240 kW 320 kW 425 kW 510 kW 595 kW	15 kW 20 kW 25 kW 30 kW 35 kW 40 kW  30 kW 40 kW 50 kW 60 kW 70 kW 80 kW  45 kW 60 kW 75 kW 90 kW 105 kW 120 kW  60 kW 80 kW 100 kW 120 kW 140 kW 160 kW  75 kW 100 kW 125 kW 150 kW 210 kW 240 kW  90 kW 120 kW 150 kW 210 kW 245 kW 280 kW  120 kW 160 kW 200 kW 240 kW 280 kW 320 kW  135 kW 180 kW 275 kW 300 kW 350 kW 400 kW  165 kW 20 kW 300 kW 360 kW 420 kW 480 kW  180 kW 240 kW 300 kW 450 kW 450 kW 560 kW  240 kW 595 kW 500 kW 560 kW 525 kW 500 kW  240 kW 320 kW 560 kW 320 kW 350 kW 460 kW  255 kW 300 kW 450 kW 560 kW 560 kW 560 kW  240 kW 320 kW 560 kW 560 kW 560 kW 560 kW  240 kW 320 kW 450 kW 595 kW 680 kW  255 kW 340 kW 425 kW 510 kW 595 kW 680 kW	15 kW   20 kW   25 kW   30 kW   35 kW   40 kW   860 kg/h   30 kW   40 kW   50 kW   60 kW   70 kW   80 kW   1720 kg/h   45 kW   60 kW   75 kW   90 kW   105 kW   120 kW   2581 kg/h   60 kW   80 kW   100 kW   120 kW   140 kW   160 kW   3441 kg/h   4301 kg/h   60 kW   120 kW   150 kW   175 kW   200 kW   4301 kg/h   60 kW   120 kW   150 kW   175 kW   200 kW   4301 kg/h   60 kW   120 kW   150 kW   160 kW   240 kW   5161 kg/h   60 kW   120 kW   245 kW   280 kW   6022 kg/h   6022 kg/h	15 kW   20 kW   25 kW   30 kW   35 kW   40 kW   860 kg/h   0.3016 kPa/m   0.740 m/s   32/26 2	Table

#### Heating pipe PN 6

Spread										
•	∆T = 15 K	∆T = 20 K	∆T = 25 K	∆T = 30 K	∆T = 35 K	∆T = 40 K	Mass flow rate	Pipe type ∆p.v	Pipe type ∆p. v	Pipe type ∆p. v
200 kW	300 kW	400 kW	500 kW	600 kW	700 kW	800 kW	17204 kg/h	90/73.6 0.1408 kPa/m 1.137 m/s	110/90 0.0535 kPa/m 0.760 m/s	125/102 0.0290 kPa/m 0.590 m/s
210 kW	315 kW	420 kW	525 kW	630 kW	735 kW	840 kW	18065 kg/h	90/73.6 0.1538 kPa/m 1.194 m/s	110/90 0.0584 kPa/m 0.798 m/s	125/102 0.0317 kPa/m 0.619 m/s
220 kW	330 kW	440 kW	550 kW	660 kW	770 kW	880 kW	18925 kg/h	90/73.6 0.1673 kPa/m 1.251 m/s	110/90 0.0636 kPa/m 0.836 m/s	125/102 0.0345 kPa/m 0.649 m/s
230 kW	345 kW	460 kW	575 kW	690 kW	805 kW	920 kW	19785 kg/h	90/73.6 0.1813 kPa/m 1.307 m/s	110/90 0.0689 kPa/m 0.874 m/s	125/102 0.0374 kPa/m 0.678 m/s
240 kW	360 kW	480 kW	600 kW	720 kW	840 kW	960 kW	20640 kg/h	110/90 0.0744 kPa/m 0.912 m/s	125/102 0.0404 kPa/m 0.708 m/s	
250 kW	375 kW	500 kW	625 kW	750 kW	875 kW	1000 kW	21505 kg/h	110/90 0.0801 kPa/m 0.950 m/s	125/102 0.0435 kPa/m 0.737 m/s	
260 kW	390 kW	520 kW	650 kW	780 kW	910 kW	1040 kW	22366 kg/h	110/90 0.0860 kPa/m 0.988 m/s	125/102 0.0467 kPa/m 0.766 m/s	
270 kW	405 kW	540 kW	675 kW	810 kW	945 kW	1080 kW	23220 kg/h	110/90 0.0921 kPa/m 1.026 m/s	125/102 0.0500 kPa/m 0.796 m/s	
280 kW	420 kW	560 kW	700 kW	840 kW	980 kW	1120 kW	24086 kg/h	110/90 0.0984 kPa/m 1.064 m/s	125/102 0.0534 kPa/m 0.825 m/s	
290 kW	435 kW	580 kW	725 kW	870 kW	1015 kW	1160 kW	24946 kg/h	110/90 0.1048 kPa/m 1.102 m/s	125/102 0.0569 kPa/m 0.855 m/s	
300 kW	450 kW	600 kW	750 kW	900 kW	1050 kW	1200 kW	25806 kg/h	110/90 0.1115 kPa/m 1.140 m/s	125/102 0.0605 kPa/m 0.884 m/s	
310 kW	465 kW	620 kW	775 kW	930 kW	1085 kW	1240 kW	26667 kg/h	110/90 0.1183 kPa/m 1.178 m/s	125/102 0.0642 kPa/m 0.914 m/s	
320 kW	480 kW	640 kW	800 kW	960 kW	1120 kW	1280 kW	27527kg/h	110/90 0.1253 kPa/m 1.216 m/s	125/102 0.0680 kPa/m 0.943 m/s	
330 kW	495 kW	660 kW	825 kW	990 kW	1155 kW	1320 kW	28387 kg/h	110/90 0.1325 kPa/m 1.254 m/s	125/102 0.0719 kPa/m 0.973 m/s	
340 kW	510 kW	680 kW	850 kW	1020 kW	1190 kW	1360 kW	29247 kg/h	110/90 0.1398 kPa/m 1.292 m/s	125/102 0.0759 kPa/m 1.002 m/s	
350 kW	525 kW	700 kW	875 kW	1050 kW	1225 kW	1400 kW	30108 kg/h	125/102 0.0799 kPa/m 1.032 m/s		
360 kW	540 kW	720 kW	900 kW	1080 kW	1260 kW	1440 kW	30968 kg/h	125/102 0.0841 kPa/m 1.061 m/s		
370 kW	555 kW	740 kW	925 kW	1110 kW	1295 kW	1480 kW	31828 kg/h	125/102 0.0884 kPa/m 1.091 m/s		
380 kW	570 kW	760 kW	950 kW	1140 kW	1330 kW	1520 kW	32688 kg/h	125/102 0.0928 kPa/m 1.120 m/s		



#### Heating pipe PN 6

Spread										
∆T = 10 K	∆T = 15 K	∆T = 20 K	∆T = 25 K	∆T = 30 K	∆T = 35 K	∆T = 40 K	Mass flow rate	Pipe type ∆p.v	Pipe type ∆p. v	Pipe type ∆p. v
390 kW	585 kW	780 kW	975kW	1170 kW	1365 kW	1560 kW	33548 kg/h	125/102 0.0973 kPa/m 1.150 m/s		
400 kW	600 kW	800 kW	1000 kW	1200 kW	1400 kW	1600 kW	34409 kg/h	125/102 0.1018 kPa/m 1.179 m/s		
410 kW	615 kW	820 kW	1025 kW	1230 kW	1435 kW	1640 kW	35269 kg/h	125/102 0.1065 kPa/m 1.209 m/s		
420 kW	630 kW	840 kW	1050 kW	1260 kW	1470 kW	1680 kW	36129 kg/h	125/102 0.1112 kPa/m 1.238 m/s		
430 kW	645 kW	860 kW	1075 kW	1290 kW	1505 kW	1720 kW	36989 kg/h	125/102 0.1161 kPa/m 1.268 m/s		
440 kW	660 kW	880 kW	1100 kW	1320 kW	1540 kW	1760 kW	37849 kg/h	125/102 0.1210 kPa/m 1.297 m/s		
450 kW	675 kW	900 kW	1125 kW	1350 kW	1575 kW	1800 kW	38710 kg/h	125/102 0.1261 kPa/m 1.327 m/s		

For sizing pipes, the following equation applies

Where Q = <sup>ṁ</sup> Cp∆T	Q = heating power (kW)	Cp = water specific heat capacity $\Delta T$ = temperature difference	
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The following table enables determination of the pressure loss at a specified flow rate. It is recommended to keep the pressure loss below 0.3kPa/m.

#### Pressure loss tables for PN 6 pipes

Heating pipe: Based on 50°C water temperature\*

DIM:		25 x 2	.3	32 x 2	.9	40 x 3	.7	50 x 4	.6	63 x 5	5.8	75 x 6	5.8	90 x 8	3.2	110 x	10	125 x	11.4
d <sub>i</sub> [m	m]:	20.4		26.2		32.6		40.8	-	51.4		61.4		73.6	_	90.0		102.2	
Volu	metric																		
flow	rate																		
l/h	l/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s
36	0.01																		
72	0.02																		
108	0.03																		
144	0.04																		
180	0.05	0.018	0.153																
216	0.06	0.025	0.184																
252	0.07	0.033	0.214																
288	0.08	0.042	0.245																
324	0.09	0.051	0.275																
360	0.1	0.062	0.306	0.019	0.185														
720	0.2	0.214	0.612	0.065	0.371	0.023	0.240												
1080	0.3	0.444	0.918	0.134	0.556	0.047	0.359	0.007	0.000										
1440	0.4	0.745	1.224	0.224	0.742	0.079	0.479	0.027	0.306										
1800	0.5	1.114	1.530	0.335	0.927	0.117	0.599	0.040	0.382										
2160 2520	0.6	2.044	1.836 2.142	0.465	1.113	0.163	0.719	0.056	0.459										
2880	0.7	2.601	2.448	0.014	1.484	0.213	0.039	0.073	0.555	0.031	0.386								
3240	0.0	3.217	2.754	0.762	1.669	0.274	1.078	0.093	0.688	0.031	0.434								
3600	1	3.891	3.059	1.169	1.855	0.409	1.198	0.139	0.765	0.046	0.482								
3960	1.1	4.623	3.665	1.389	2.040	0.486	1.318	0.165	0.841	0.055	0.530								
4320	1.2	5.411	3.671	1.625	2.226	0.568	1.438	0.193	0.918	0.064	0.578	0.027	0.405						
5040	1.4	7.152	4.283	2.147	2.597	0.751	1.677	0.255	1.071	0.084	0.675	0.036	0.473						
5760	1.6	9.108	4.895	2.733	2.968	0.956	1.917	0.325	1.224	0.107	0.771	0.046	0.540						
6480	1.8	11.274	5.507	3.383	3.339	1.182	2.156	0.402	1.377	0.133	0.867	0.056	0.608	0.024	0.423				
7200	2	13.647	6.119	4.093	3.710	1.431	2.396	0.486	1.530	0.160	0.964	0.068	0.675	0.029	0.470				
7920	2.2	16.223	6.731	4.865	4.081	1.700	2.636	0.578	1.683	0.190	1.060	0.081	0.743	0.034	0.517				
8640	2.4	18.998	7.343	5.696	4.452	1.990	2.875	0.676	1.836	0.223	1.157	0.095	0.811	0.040	0.564				
9360	2.6	21.969	7.955	6.586	4.823	2.300	3.115	0.782	1.989	0.257	1.253	0.110	0.878	0.046	0.611				
10080	2.8	25.134	8.567	7.533	5.194	2.631	3.355	0.894	2.142	0.294	1.349	0.125	0.946	0.052	0.658				
10800	3	28.491	9.178	8.538	5.565	2.981	3.594	1.013	2.295	0.334	1.446	0.142	1.013	0.059	0.705	0.023	0.472		
12600	3.5	37.707	10.708	11.295	6.492	3.943	4.193	1.339	2.677	0.441	1.687	0.187	1.182	0.078	0.823	0.030	0.550	0.001	0.455
14400	4	48.077	12.238	14.397	7.419	5.024	4.792	1.706	3.059	0.561	1.928	0.239	1.351	0.100	0.940	0.038	0.629	0.021	0.488
16200	4.5			17.835	8.347	6.223	5.391	2.112	3.442	0.695	2.169	0.295	1.520	0.124	1.058	0.047	0.707	0.025	0.549
18000	5			21.603	9.274	7.536	5.990	2.557	3.824	0.841	2.410	0.358	1.689	0.150	1.175	0.057	0.786	0.031	0.610
19800				25.696	10.202		6.589	3.041	4.207	1.000	2.651	0.425	1.858	0.178	1.293	0.068	0.865	0.037	0.670
21600						10.499		3.561 4.119	4.589	1.171	2.892 3.133	0.498	2.026	0.208	1.410	0.079	1.022	0.043	0.731
25200				U-1.001	12.000	13.900		4.713	5.354	1.549	3.374	0.658	2.364	0.275	1.645	0.104	1.100	0.057	0.752
27000						15.761		5.344	5.737	1.756	3.614	0.746	2.533	0.273	1.763	0.118	1.179	0.064	0.914
28800						17.728		6.010	6.119	1.975	3.855	0.839	2.702	0.350	1.880	0.133	1.258	0.072	0.975
30600						19.799	10.183		6.501	2.205	4.096	0.936	2.871	0.391	1.998	0.149	1.336	0.081	1.036
32400						21.974			6.884	2.446	4.337	1.039	3.040	0.434	2.115	0.165	1.415	0.089	1.097

#### Heating pipe: Based on 50°C water temperature\*

DIM:		25 x 2.	2	32 x 2	•	40 x 3.	7	50 x 4.	e	63 x 5	Q	75 x 6.	Q	90 x 8	2	110 x	10	125 x	11 /
			.3		.9		′		.6		.8		ŏ		.2		10		11.4
d <sub>i</sub> [mm	1]:	20.4		26.2		32.6		40.8		51.4		61.4		73.6		90.0		102.2	
Volum																			
l/h	l/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s
34200	9.5					24.252	11.381	8.218	7.266	2.699	4.578	1.146	3.208	0.479	2.233	0.182	1.493	0.099	1.158
36000	10					26.632	11.980	9.023	7.649	2.963	4.819	1.258	3.377	0.525	2.350	0.199	1.572	0.108	1.219
37800	10.5							9.862	8.031	3.238	5.060	1.375	3.546	0.574	2.468	0.218	1.650	0.118	1.280
39600	11							10.735	8.414	3.525	5.301	1.496	3.715	0.625	2.586	0.237	1.729	0.129	1.341
43200	12							12.582	9.178	4.130	5.783	1.753	4.053	0.732	2.821	0.278	1.886	0.151	1.463
46800	13							14.561	9.943	4.779	6.265	2.028	4.391	0.847	3.056	0.321	2.043	0.174	1.585
50400	14							116.670	10.708	5.470	6.747	2.321	4.728	0.969	3.291	0.367	2.201	0.199	1.707
54000	15							18.909	11.473	6.204	7.229	2.632	5.066	1.098	3.526	0.417	2.358	0.226	1.829
57600	16							21.276	12.238	6.979	7.711	2.960	5.404	1.235	3.761	0.468	2.515	0.254	1.950
61200	17									7.796	8.193	3.306	5.741	1.380	3.996	0.523	2.672	0.283	2.072
64800	18									8.653	8.675	3.670	6.079	1.531	4.231	0.580	2.829	0.315	2.194
68400	19									9.552	9.157	4.050	6.417	1.690	4.466	0.640	2.987	0.347	2.316
72000	20									10.490	9.639	4.448	6.755	1.855	4.701	0.703	3.144	0.381	2.438
79200	22									12.487	10.602	5.293	7.430	2.208	5.171	0.837	3.458	0.453	2.682
86400	24									14.641	11.566	6.206	8.106	2.587	5.641	0.980	3.773	0.531	2.926
93600	26									16.951	12.530	7.183	8.781	2.995	6.111	1.134	4.087	0.614	3.169
100800	28											8.226	9.457	3.429	6.581	1.299	4.401	0.703	3.413
108000	30											9.333	10.132	3.890	7.051	1.473	4.716	0.798	3.657
115200	32											10.503	10.807	4.377	7.522	1.657	5.030	0.897	3.901
122400	34											11.736	11.483	4.890	7.992	1.851	5.344	1.002	4.145
129600	36											13.032	12.158	5.429	8.462	2.055	5.659	1.113	4.388
136800	38													5.994	8.932	2.269	5.973	1.228	4.632
144000	40													6.584	9.402	2.492	6.288	1.349	4.876
162000	45													8.170	10.577	3.091	7.074	1.673	5.486
180000	50													9.911	11.752	3.749	7.860	2.029	6.095
198000	55													11.805	12.928		8.645	2.415	6.705
216000	60															5.236	9.431	2.833	7.314
234000	65															6.064	10.217	3.280	7.924
252000	70															6.948	11.003	3.758	8.533
270000	75															7.886	11.789	4.265	9.143
288000	80															8.878	12.575	4.801	9.752
306000	85																	5.366	10.362
324000	90																	5.960	10.971
342000	95																	6.583	11.581
360000	100																	7.233	12.190

#### \*Pressure loss correction factors for other water temperatures

°C	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95
Factor	1.217	1.183	1.150	1.117	1.100	1.067	1.050	1.017	1.000	0.983	0.967	0.952	0.938	0.933	0.918	0.904	0.890	0.873

#### **Ecoflex Aqua**

Potable water pipe: Basis 50 °C water temperature\*

DIM:		25 x 3.	5	32 x 4	.4	40 x 5	5.5	50 x 6	5.9	63 x	8.6	75 x 10	).3	90 x 1	2.3	110 x ′	15.1
d, [mı	nl:	18.0		23.2		29.0		36.2		45.6		54.4		65.4		79.8	
/olun	netric	10.0		20.2		20.0		00.2		40.0		04.4		00.4		70.0	
low i h	ale I/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s	kPa/m	m/s
86	0.01																
72	0.01																
108	0.03																
144	0.04																
180	0.05	0.033	0.196														
16	0.06	0.045	0.236														
252	0.07	0.060	0.275														
88	0.08	0.076	0.314														
24	0.09	0.093	0.354	0.028	0.213												
60	0.1	0.113	0.393	0.033	0.237												
20	0.2	0.391	0.786	0.116	0.473	0.040	0.303										
080	0.3	0.810	1.179	0.240	0.710	0.082	0.454	0.028	0.291								
440	0.4	1.360	1.572	0.402	0.946	0.138	0.606	0.048	0.389								
800	0.5	2.032	1.965	0.601	1.183	0.206	0.757	0.071	0.486	0.023	0.303						
160	0.6	2.823	2.358	0.834	1.419	0.286	0.908	0.099	0.583	0.032	0.364						
520	0.7	3.729	2.751	1.102	1.656	0.377	1.060	0.130	0.680	0.042	0.425	0.018	0.301				
880	0.8	4.746	3.144	1.402	1.892	0.480	1.211	0.165	0.777	0.054	0.486	0.023	0.344				
240 600	0.9	5.871	3.537	1.734	2.129	0.593	1.363	0.205	0.874	0.066	0.546	0.029	0.387				
	1.0	7.103	3.930	2.097	2.366	0.718	1.514	0.247	0.972	0.080	0.607	0.035	0.430				
960 320	1.1	8.439 9.878	4.323 4.716	2.491	2.602	0.852	1.665	0.294	1.069	0.095	0.668	0.042	0.473				
040								0.344									
760	1.4	13.059 16.633	5.502 6.288	3.853 4.906	3.312	1.318	2.120	0.434	1.360	0.147	0.850	0.064	0.602	0.034	0.476		
480	1.8	20.593	7.074	6.072	4.258	2.076	2.725	0.715	1.749	0.107	1.093	0.101	0.774	0.034	0.536		
200	2.0	24.930	7.860	7.349	4.731	2.512	3.028	0.865	1.943	0.279	1.214	0.122	0.860	0.050	0.595		
920	2.2	29.638	8.645	8.735	5.204	2.985	3.331	1.027	2.138	0.331	1.335	0.145	0.947	0.060	0.655		
640	2.4	34.711	9.431	10.228	5.677	3.494	3.634	1.202	2.332	0.388	1.457	0.170	1.033	0.070	0.714		
360	2.6	40.144	10.217	11.826	6.150	4.040	3.936	1.390	2.526	0.448	1.578	0.196	1.119	0.081	0.774	0.031	0.520
080	2.8	45.932	11.003	13.529	6.624	4.621	4.239	1.589	2.721	0.513	1.700	0.224	1.205	0.092	0.834	0.036	0.560
800	3.0	52.071	11.789	15.334	7.097	5.236	4.542	1.801	2.915	0.581	1.821	0.254	1.291	0.105	0.893	0.040	0.600
600	3.5			20.290	8.279	6.927	5.299	2.382	3.401	0.768	2.124	0.336	1.506	0.138	1.042	0.053	0.700
4400	4.0			25.866	9.462	8.828	6.056	3.034	3.886	0.978	2.428	0.427	1.721	0.176	1.191	0.068	0.800
3200	4.5			32.048	10.645	10.934	6.813	3.757	4.372	1.211	2.731	0.529	1.936	0.218	1.340	0.084	0.900
000	5.0			38.825	11.828	13.243	7.570	4.550	4.858	1.466	3.035	0.640	2.151	0.264	1.488	0.101	1.000
800	5.5			46.187	13.011	15.751	8.327	5.410	5.344	1.743	3.338	0.761	2.366	0.314	1.637	0.120	1.100
1600	6.0					18.454	9.084	6.337	5.830	2.041	3.642	0.891	2.581	0.367	1.786	0.141	1.200
400	6.5					21.350	9.841	7.331	6.315	2.360	3.945	1.030	2.797	0.425	1.935	0.163	1.300
200	7.0					24.437	10.598	8.389	6.801	2.700	4.249	1.179	3.012	0.486	2.084	0.186	1.400
7000	7.5						11.355		7.287	3.061	4.552	1.336	3.227	0.550	2.233	0.211	1.500
300	8.0					31.172	12.112		7.773	3.443	4.856	1.502	3.442	0.619	2.381	0.237	1.600
600	8.5							11.947		3.844	5.159	1.677	3.657	0.691	2.530	0.265	1.700
400	9.0							13.259		4.265	5.463	1.861	3.872	0.766	2.679	0.294	1.799
1200	9.5							14.632		4.707	5.766	2.054	4.087	0.846	2.828	0.324	1.899
000	10.0							16.067		5.167	6.070	2.254	4.302	0.928	2.977	0.356	1.999
7800 9600	10.5								10.202	5.648	6.373	2.464	4.518	1.014	3.126 3.275	0.389	2.099
3200	12							19.118 22.409		6.147 7.204	7.284	2.681 3.142	4.733 5.163	1.104	3.275	0.423	2.199
800	13								12.631	8.336	7.891	3.635	5.593	1.496	3.870	0.496	2.599
0400	14							20.800	12.001	9.543	8.498	4.161	6.023	1.712	4.168	0.656	2.799

#### \*Pressure loss correction factors for other water temperatures

°C	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95
Factor	1.208	1.174	1.144	1.115	1.087	1.060	1.039	1.019	1.000	0.982	0.965	0.954	0.943	0.928	0.923	0.907	0.896	0.878

#### **Ecoflex Supra**

#### Potable water/cooling water pipe: Basis 20°C water temperature

٧	25 / 20.4 / 2.3		32 / 26.2 / 2.9		40 / 32.6 / 3.7		50 / 40	0.8 / 4.6	63 / 5	1.4 / 5.8	75 / 6	1.4 / 6.8	90 / 73.6 / 8.2		110 / 90.0 / 10.0	
	v	∆p	v	∆p	v	∆р	v	∆p	v	∆p	v	∆p	v	∆р	v	∆p
l/s	[m/s]	[bar/	[m/s]	[bar/	[m/s]	[bar/	[m/s]	[bar/	[m/s]	[bar/	[m/s]	[bar/	[m/s]	[bar/	[m/s]	[bar/
		100 m]		100 m]		100 m]		100 m]		100 m]		100 m]		100 m]		100 m]
0.0315	0.096	0.0127	0.059	0.0041												
0.04	0.122	0.0189	0.075	0.0061												
0.05	0.153	0.0275	0.094	0.0088	0.060	0.0031										
0.063	0.193	0.0407	0.119	0.0130	0.075	0.0045										
0.08	0.245	0.0611	0.151	0.0195	0.096	0.0067	0.061	0.0024								
0.1	0.306	0.0895	0.188	0.0285	0.120	0.0098	0.076	0.0034								
0.125	0.382	0.1315	0.235	0.0417	0.150	0.0144	0.096	0.0050	0.060	0.0017						
0.16	0.490	0.2016	0.301	0.0638	0.192	0.0219	0.122	0.0076	0.077	0.0026	0.054	0.0011				
0.2	0.612	0.2974	0.377	0.0939	0.240	0.0321	0.153	0.0111	0.096	0.0037	0.068	0.0016				
0.25	0.765	0.4394	0.471	0.1384	0.300	0.0473	0.191	0.0163	0.120	0.0055	0.085	0.0024	0.059	0.0010		
0.315	0.964	0.6599	0.593	0.2072	0.377	0.0706	0.241	0.0244	0.152	0.0082	0.107	0.0036	0.074	0.0015		
0.4	1.224	1.0068	0.753	0.3152	0.479	0.1071	0.306	0.0369	0.193	0.0123	0.136	0.0054	0.094	0.0023	0.063	0.0009
0.5	1.530	1.4972	0.942	0.4672	0.599	0.1585	0.382	0.0544	0.241	0.0182	0.170	0.0079	0.118	0.0033	0.079	0.0013
0.63	1.927	2.2631	1.187	0.7039	0.755	0.2381	0.482	0.0816	0.304	0.0272	0.214	0.0119	0.148	0.0049	0.099	0.0019
0.8	2.448	3.4774	1.507	1.0776	0.958	0.3634	0.612	0.1242	0.386	0.0413	0.272	0.0180	0.188	0.0075	0.126	0.0029
1	3.059	5.2062	1.883	1.6072	1.198	0.5405	0.765	0.1842	0.482	0.0611	0.340	0.0266	0.235	0.0111	0.157	0.0043
1.25			2.354	2.4022	1.498	0.8053	0.956	0.2738	0.602	0.0906	0.425	0.0394	0.294	0.0163	0.196	0.0063
1.6			3.014	3.7567	1.917	1.2547	1.224	0.4253	0.771	0.1403	0.544	0.0609	0.376	0.0252	0.252	0.0097
2					2.396	1.8774	1.530	0.6345	0.964	0.2088	0.680	0.0904	0.470	0.0374	0.314	0.0143
2.5					2.995	2.8148	1.912	0.9483	1.205	0.3112	0.850	0.1345	0.588	0.0555	0.393	0.0212
3.15							2.409	1.4406	1.518	0.4714	1.071	0.2033	0.740	0.0838	0.495	0.0320
4							3.059	2.2247	1.928	0.7254	1.360	0.3123	0.940	0.1285	0.629	0.0489
5									2.410	1.0873	1.700	0.4670	1.175	0.1917	0.786	0.0729
6.3									3.036	1.6567	2.142	0.7098	1.481	0.2908	0.990	0.1103
8											2.720	1.0965	1.880	0.4480	1.258	0.1695
10											3.399	1.6493	2.350	0.6722	1.572	0.2537
12.5													2.938	1.0104	1.965	1.3804
16															2.515	0.5966
20															3.144	0.8977



Flow rates have a considerable influence on the cost, efficiency and safety of a system. High flow rates result in high pressure losses. Furthermore, particles in the system can become embedded in the pipe wall. Low flow rates result in long retention time of water in the system. Over time this can become cloudy or contaminated with germs.



## Dimensioning of lines for domestic water

The dimensioning of pipelines carrying water for domestic use must provide sufficient water supply at each of the taps. The pipeline system dimensions must ensure that in the case of the lowest working pressure, each tap connection has the correct supply flow rate required.

## **Heating system diversity**

\*Please note this information is not a basis for design. It should only be used for information purposes.\*

\*\*The calculations are given as examples and should not be used. \*\*

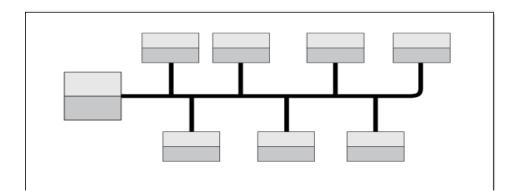
Uponor are innovators in pre-insulated pipework systems and have trained specialists in correct system design. If you wish to learn more about diversity in heating systems or are looking for installation guidance, then please do not hesitate to get in touch.

When looking into design of a district heating system, we need to consider that in most modern systems you will have times when it is not working at its full capacity.

All modern boilers and pumps will modulate down to save energy. However, when we design a pipework system and work out the duties for our pumps, we are always basing it on a 'worst case scenario'. For example, a system will be sized based on running at full capacity (i.e. all houses calling for heat) when it is  $-5^{\circ}$ C outside. The majority of the time that would never happen. As a result, the pumps slow down the flow to maintain a high design Delta-T ( $\Delta$ T). In reality, what this is doing in the pipework system is slowing down the water. This can cause issues with blockages when the system speeds up again, moving the debris around the system. Although this cannot be rectified once the pipework system is installed, we can always look at a more intelligent pipe sizing at the design stage.

#### Factors to consider

- •Size of system Diversity is only effective on larger systems
- Type of occupancy Different buildings provide different occupancy rates, so you need to consider how the building is going to be used. If a building has a low occupancy with no peak flows then divesity is ideal
- How the domestic hot water is heated The heating of hot water in a system changes the demand massively. In a system using HIU's with instant hot water demand, the heat exchanger has to be 4-5 times the size of the heating water exchanger. This give massive peak demands on the system
- Time If you are planning to use HIU's with instantaneous hot water, you need to look at the demand period for hot water. The time hot water is used at maximum flow is only going to be around ½ hour of the day so for the other 23 ½ hours your system is oversized.



**Example:** We will assume each house has fitted a HIU with instant water demand and the unit is rated at 20kW. Sizing this system on 100% usage you would come out at 140kW or a 63mm pipe. However the chance of the system running at 100% demand is small, so based on the ratios shown above the amended kW for this system is only 70kW meaning a pipe size of only 40mm. Quickly you can see how pipes can be oversized on demand.

**Note:** this is only one example of a running system. If you were to up the ratio of diversity, your system would now be undersized. This is why we always recommend that system diversity is discussed with Uponor first.

#### **Advantages of diversity**

- Providing diversity of a system is adopted correctly these system advantages can be realised:
- Reduced cost on maintenance (less chance of collecting debris)
- Reduced material costs (smaller pipe sizes used)
- Easier install (smaller pipe sizes used)
- Reduced plant size, thus increasing overall system efficiency

#### **Disadvantages of diversity**

- Incorrect diversity adoption can lead to under sizing the pipes, meaning during peak demands the system cannot perform as required
- Communication is key. Some consultants will already employ diversity within a system design. If you apply another calculation for diversity to the same system, this can cause serious under sizing issues

## **Installation examples**



#### House connection with Thermo Twin

#### Wall duct, non-pressurewaterproof (NPW)

Item	Number required
Thermo Twin	
Thermo PRO Twin	
Rubber end caps, Twin  Alternative with Thermo PRO	1
Wipex coupling	2 🦣
Wipex sleeve	2 🕡
Wall through sealing NPV	/ 1 <b>0</b>

#### B Alternative: Wall duct, nonpressure-waterproof (NPW)

Item	Number required
Thermo Twin	
Thermo PRO Twin	
Rubber end caps, Twin  Alternative with Thermo PRO	1
Wipex coupling	2 🍈
Wipex sleeve	2
Wall sleeve set NPW	1

## C Alternative: Wall duct, pressure-waterproof (PWP)

Item	Num requ	
Thermo Twin		
Thermo PRO Twin		
Rubber end caps, Twin  Alternative with Thermo PRO	1	
Wipex coupling	2	4
Wipex sleeve	2	01
Fibre cement pipe PWP *	1	
Wall seal PWP	1	0
Additional insert PWP *	1	0

<sup>\*</sup>Optional, check necessity

# Service connection with Thermo PRO Single

# Two wall ducts, non pressure-waterproof (NPW)

Item		nber uired
Thermo Single		
Thermo PRO Single		
Rubber end caps, Single Alternative with Thermo PRO	2	
Wipex coupling	2	á
Wipex sleeve	2	4
Wall sleeve set NPW	2 ,	*

# **Branching from Thermo** PRO Single main lines to Thermo Twin branch lines in the H-insulation set

Item		mber Juired
Thermo Single		
Thermo PRO Single		
Thermo Twin		
Thermo PRO Twin		
Varia Twin (alternative)		
Double tee	1	*
Rubber end caps, Single Alternative with Thermo PRO	4	
Rubber end caps, Twin		
Alternative with Thermo PRO	1	
Wipex coupling	6	do
Wipex tee	2	
Wipex reducer *)		6

# **Branching from Thermo PRO Single main lines** to Thermo Twin branch lines in the chamber

Item		mber Juired
Thermo Single		
Thermo PRO Single		
Thermo Twin		
Thermo PRO Twin		
Varia Twin (alternative)		
Chamber	1	4
Rubber end caps, Single Alternative with Thermo PRO	4	
Rubber end caps, Twin  Alternative with Thermo PRO	2	
Wipex coupling	8	40
Wipex tee	4	4
Wipex reducer *		1
Wipex elbow *		-

Connecting pipe if necessary, pipe or double nipple (customer's responsibility)

# Thermo Twin branches in the T-insulation set

Item	Number required
Thermo Twin	
Thermo PRO Twin	
T-insulation set	1 🚜
Rubber end caps, Twin	3
Wipex coupling	6 🍈
Wipex tee	2
Wipex reducer *)	<b>(</b>

Item		nber uired
Thermo Twin		
Thermo PRO Twin		
Straight insulation set	1	
Rubber end caps, Twin	2	
Wipex coupling	4	áp.
Wipex sleeve	2	42

Thermo PRO Twin joints in

the straight insulation set

<sup>\*</sup> Optional, check necessity

# **Planning**

# Basic route design

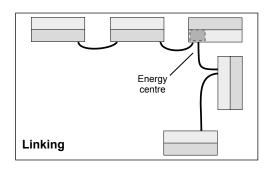
### Lining up the elements

Uponor's flexible piping system allows you to better plan the trenches to accommodate for the avoidance of obstacles and other services. The selection of the entry location must take into account the space requirements and the bending radius (see page 42).

Below you will find different fitting techniques that will vary in suitability for each site. Please study these different techniques as this could change how the design is carried out.

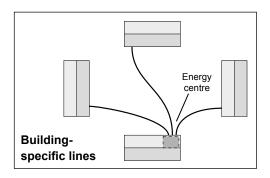
## Linking technique

The most cost effective installation method is the use of a linking system (see below). The number of joints in the ground can be reduced for small buildings by using this linking technique. The tee branches are done above ground meaning expensive re-insulation sets can be reduced. The technique is particularly well suited to locations where houses are lined up and the dimensions are small. However this is not suitable for large sites or large pipework diameters.



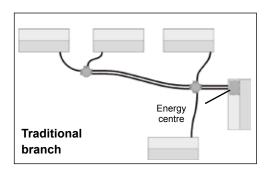
### Specific run technique

In installations consisting of several large buildings, straight connections from the dwelling to the energy centre are recommended. Installation between buildings is fast (straight off the coil) and no connections are required. Trenches do not have to be kept open for pressure testing. Lastly by separating buildings you can keep line sizes down to the more flexible and smaller pipes.



## **Branch technique**

The branch technique is most common on larger projects connecting multiple and larger sized dwellings. By completing the joints in the ground, this allows for smaller "branch" pipework for termination in the building. Also this means less pipework than both the linking and specific run techniques. However, it doesnt imply joints are in the ground and adequate testing is still required before back filling. Also, the correct installation of the insulation sets will ensure the joint remains dry and free from defects, as well as limiting the heat losses.



# Planning the marked-out route

The flexibility of the Uponor pipes allows for problem-free adaptation on-site to almost any routing conditions. It is possible to route over or under existing lines this means obstacles can simply be avoided. The jacket also permits the laying of the pipework up to 3 metres (0.3 bar) under the water table.

The system only requires the excavation of a narrow trench in order to lay the pipework. Laying does not normally need anyone to get into the trench except at the pipe joint and branch locations. Suitable working space should be created for this purpose. Where the pipework changes direction, the minimum pipework bend radii's need to be observed (page 9 to 23)

It is easier to do all of the excavations on one side of the trench. The pipe can then be rolled out on the free side, and laid directly into the trench.

To avoid damaging the jacket pipe, a bed of sand without stones is highly recommended. The sand grain size should be between 0 and 2/3 mm. Never include any objects with sharp edges or points in the trench. Bed in the pipeline carefully (at least 10 cm below and 15 cm above the jacket pipe, and to the walls of the trench) this will help to ensure the integrity of the outer jacket for the lifetime of the system. When deciding the minimum coverage, the possibility of damage from subsequent building works during the programme of construction should be considered. The filling material should be compacted well and in layers. A machine compactor should be used for this above 500 mm of coverage. When this has been completed, ensure a trench warning tape is laid before filling the rest of the trench.

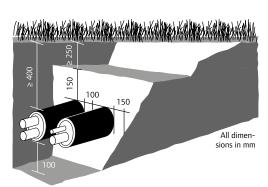
When covered to a depth of 500mm up to a maximum of 6 metres, the Uponor jacket pipe



can withstand soil and high traffic loads. The certificate, based on ATV DVWK-A127, demonstrates that our pipes, when laid in accordance with defined conditions, are suitable for loading by heavy traffic (SWL 60 = 60 t) according to worksheet

ATV-A 127. The ring stiffness of the jacket pipe is approved according EN ISO 9969 to be able to withstand 4 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (class SN4).

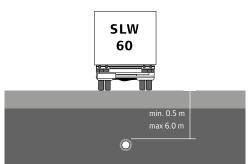
# Minimum coverage without stress from traffic loading



## CAUTION!

Local frost limits have not been taken into account here.

# Coverage with traffic loading according to SLW 60





# Guideline values for the installation process



The time required to lay Uponor pipe systems depends on local conditions and expertise. In the following table, obstacles, underpasses, weather

conditions, fitting times and other aspects have not been taken into account. The use of aids such as excavators or cable winches has also not been included in the calculation.

## Installation time for pipes.



Pipe type	25 Metres Fitters/min.	50 Metres Fitters/min.	100 Metres Fitters/min.
Single:			
25	2 / 15	2 / 30	3 / 40
32	2 / 15	2 / 30	3 / 40
40	2 / 20	2 / 40	3 / 60
50	2 / 20	2 / 40	3 / 60
63	3 / 20	3 / 40	4 / 60
75	3 / 25	3 / 50	4 / 75
90	3 / 30	4 / 60	5 / 90
110	3 / 30	4 / 60	5 / 90
125	4 / 30	5 / 60	6 / 90
Twin:			
25	2 / 20	2 / 40	3 / 60
32	2 / 20	2 / 40	3 / 60
40	2 / 30	3 / 40	4 / 60
50	3 / 25	3 / 50	5 / 90
63	3 / 30	4 / 60	5 / 90
75	3 / 30	4 / 60	5 / 90

# Guideline values for average fitting time for jointing equipment and accessories:

#### Number of fitters / group minutes per item (e.g.2/15 = 2 fitters require 15 minutes per item) Rubber end caps 1/5 Wipex coupling 1 / 15 Wipex coupling 2/30 Wipex tee (complete) 2/40 Straight insulation set 1/35 T-insulation set 1/45 Elbow insulation set 1/35 Double tee set 2/50 Chamber incl. 6 x connections to the jacket pipe 2 / 50 1/30 Wall sleeve set NPW (non pressure waterproof) 1/30 Wall seal PWP (pressure waterproof) 2/10 Peeling time for thermo PRO

# Two examples of the average fitting time for Uponor pipes:

### Example 1:

- Installation of 2 x 25 m Uponor Ecoflex Thermo Single 63 mm
- 3 fitters with no additional aids

Installation time: 2 x 20 minutes

# Example 2:

- Installation of a wall sleeve set NPW
- 1 fitter with no additional aids
- Guide figure for rubber end cap 1/5, conversion nipple 1/15, wall sleeve set NPW 1/30

Installation time: 1 x 50 minutes



The assembly times mentioned above are group minutes for the corresponding number of fitters (not including excavation work). The figures are only guidance for calculation.

# **Anchoring**

The expansion behaviour of PEX material leads to slight changes in the length of the carrier pipe, therefore a tension-free connection must be provided by a pipe bend or a fixed point joint.

#### NOTE!

Anchoring must not be conducted directly off the carrier pipe.

# **Thermal expansion**

When installing any pipework, system thermal expansion needs to be taken into consideration in the system design. Uponor Ecoflex systems are no different, PEX pipework does expand to a larger area than metal systems but the force of expansion is smaller.

If you anchor the pipework as described above and you ensure the pipework is not laid in a straight line then no other expansion requirement needs to be considered.

# **Building Termination**

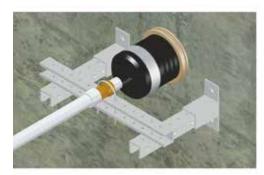
To ensure the smallest amount of jointing on a project we highly recommend designing the footings on the building to accommodate the pipework where possible.

Using the bend radii tables on pages 9 to 23 you can determine the depth to enable bending the pipework into the building in one

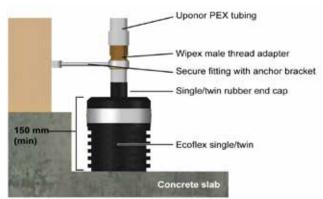
If this is not viable you can use alternative methods given below, or house connections (see page 57).

# **Dry Well**

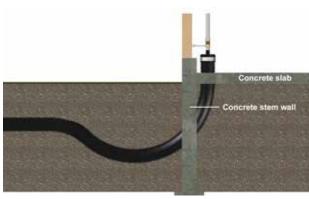
Installing a dry well in the slab makes for an easier way of bringing in a larger pipework through the wall, where the trench depth does not allow for bending into the room. However you must ensure the well is fully damp proofed so it does not fill with water. It is also important to anchor the pipework at the bottom of the well (see wall anchoring). Lastly, all pipework will need to be appropriately insulated.



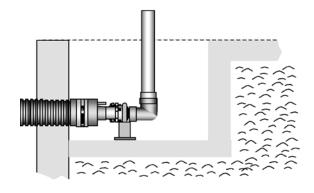
Wall Anchoring



Floor Expansion



Floor Anchoring



Dry Well

# Bending radii

Thanks to the structure and the materials used, the pre-insulated pipe systems are extremely flexible. The smallest permitted bending radii listed in the technical specification tables on page 9 to 23 must be taken into account when the pipes are laid.





#### **CAUTION!**

The medium pipe can kink or be damaged if the bending radius is smaller than the specified minimum.

### Installation in cold temperatures

The installation of pre-insulated system is not recommended to be carried out in temperatures below -15°C. In cold weather, installation is easier if the pipes are already warm, for example from having been stored in a warm space prior to the

installation. On a construction site, heating can also be carried out using a hot air blower. Heating the pipes over an open fire is prohibited.

### **Above-ground installation**

Uponor Pre-insulated pipes can be installed above ground when digging is difficult or not feasible (e.g. hard, rocky soil or protected areas). Special care should be taken to anchor the pipe so that it will not get damaged due to thermal expansion or other movement. Thermal expansion can cause winding of the pipework.

# Mounting on the wall or on the ceiling

The pipes can also be mounted on the wall or on the ceiling using brackets or placing them on a cable tray. In order to prevent bending of the pipe, install the brackets according to the table below. The table sets

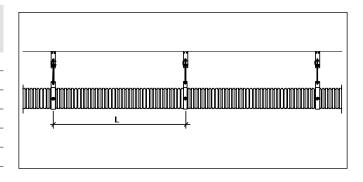
out maximum support intervals for horizontal and vertical mounting in order to prevent the pipes from sagging. If required, the interval of the brackets can be shortened.

# Storage/UV-Resistance

The jacket pipe is 2 -2,5% carbon black colourised, and can be used in all UK atmospheric conditions. If you do decide to run above the surface, please

make sure that there are no sharp rocks or mechanical stresses which could cause damage to the pipe.

	Jacket pipe OD [mm]	Maximum support interval [m]
	• •	
(	68	0.6
_	00	0.0
;	90	0.9
	140	12
_	140	1.4
	145	12
_	1 10	1.2
	175	1.8
_		
- 2	200	2.2
_		
- 2	250	2.6



## Fire Classification

Uponor Pre-insulated pipework system (including insulation, jacket and pipework) has been certificated to EN 13501-1 Category "E" and tested to EN ISO 11925-2

# Pipe handling

# Storing, lifting and handling the pipe coil

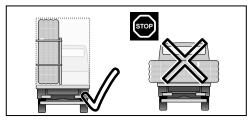
Conical end caps have been mounted on the ends of the pipes for hygiene reasons but also can be used for pulling the pipework through ducts. It helps to protect the flow pipes against sunlight and other damage, including soiling during transportation.

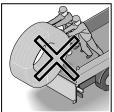
Do not drag the coil across rough surfaces as this can damage the other jacket. Ensure that the coil is not squashed and that the pipe is not dented when coiled during storage. Store all coils in a horizontal position to minimise chances of squashing. Pipe coils and chambers can be stored outside, other components of the system should be stored indoors.

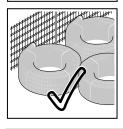
When unloading, do not drop the coils as this can cause excessive damage. Use belts for lifting the coil.

## PLEASE NOTE!

When lifting pipe coils, use at least a 50 mm diameter nylon or textile loop. If you are lifting the coils with a fork truck or other similar equipment, the forks must be rounded or padded. Due to the flexibility and weight of the coils, the diameter of the coils can vary by up to 30 cm.

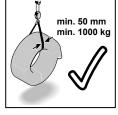






d = 140/145/175 mm

≷ 50 m





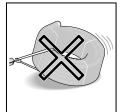


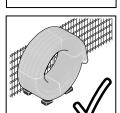


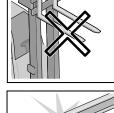




















## PLEASE NOTE!

Plastic materials must never be brought into contact with aggressive substances such as motor fuel, solvents, timber preservative or similar.

# **Uncoiling**

Store the delivered coil as long as possible in its protective packaging until installation! Uncoil the pipe directly into or beside the trench where possible. Never pull the pipe across the ground as pointed objects could cause damage. Should the jacket pipe become damaged, it can be repaired using a shrinkable sleeve.

All pipeline parts and system accessories must be visually inspected prior to installation for damage as this can impact its function. Parts which are unacceptably damaged must be discarded! If the pipeline is to be installed horizontally in the open, support points (for example, using sand) must be provided to prevent the pipe from slipping later. If the ground is uneven, these supports must be provided every 25 metres.

When embedding pipe sections, a free pipe length of 3 to 5 metres must be provided for installing the termination to the rest of the system. Where there is a change of material from steel to plastic carrier pipe, stress may be transferred from the steel to the plastic pipe during temperature changes. In this case, shear forces are to be avoided; if necessary, provide fixed points around the ends of the steel medium pipe. If installing in extremely low temperatures (increased pipe rigidity), the pipes should be stored in a heated hall or carry out the installation beneath a heated shelter directly at the trench.

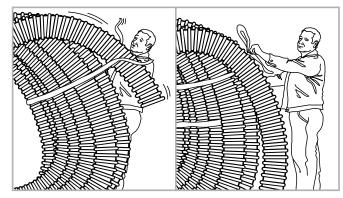


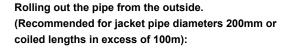
Fig. 1 Fig. 2



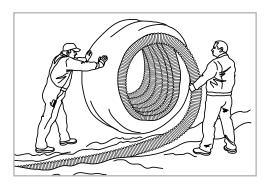
The pipe ends could whiplash when the textile tapes are opened (see Fig. 1) Therefore make sure the coils are always secured with two to three tapes. (see Fig. 2).

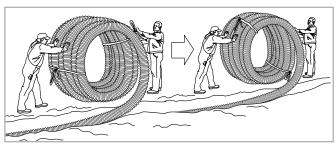
Rolling out the pipes from the inside. (Recommended for jacket pipe diameters 140mm and 175mm or coiled lengths up to 100m):

Do not remove exterior packaging! Cut the nylon securing tapes in the coil. Take out the inner pipe end from the coil (do not remove the end cap until the pipe is connected!). Fix the pipe ends (e.g. by weighing them down or placing sand on top of them). Roll out the pipe, coil by coil.

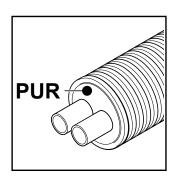


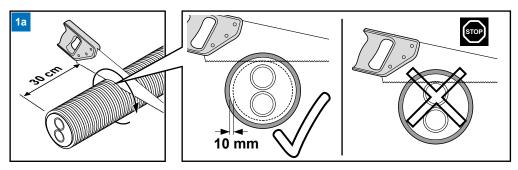
Remove the packaging foil. Open the first nylon tape at the outside pipe end, loosen the pipe end from the coil and fix the coil once more with the nylon tape. **Warning** – when opening the first nylon tape, the pipe end is under tension and can whiplash! Fix the loose pipe end (e.g. by weighing it down or placing sand on it) and roll out as far as the next nylon tape. Repeat this process until the coil is completely unrolled.



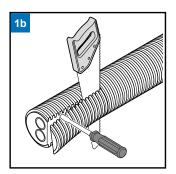


# **Peeling Ecoflex Thermo PRO**

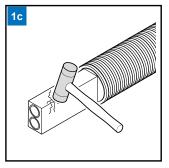




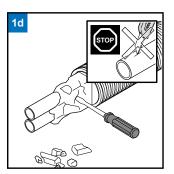
1a Mark 30cm down the pipe and cut around pipe jacket no deeper than 10mm to prevent damage to the pipework.



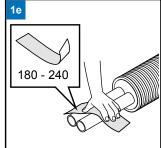
1b Make two cuts down the pipe, one either side of the pipe. Then using a screw driver remove the rest of the casing. (If cutting twin ensure the pipes are vertical as shown)



1c Using blunt tools break away the insulation to reveal the pipe(s). Be careful not to damage the pipe.



1e Using 180-240 grit remove the remaining PUR foam to give a smooth surface for the fitting.



# **Product line components**

## **Uponor Wipex fitting range**

The Wipex coupling is specifically designed for connecting cross linked polyethylene pipes to end terminations. These are available for hot, cold and district heating installations. The coupling is suitable for pipe dimensions 25-125 mm, in two series marked PN 6 and PN 10.

The Wipex coupling is designed to give an excellent tight grip. The gripping strength is higher than the tensile strength of the pipe itself, and the sealing performance is unaffected by temperature

Wipex couplings are robust and simple in design. They can be fitted very easily and quickly even in difficult locations and confined spaces. The ring spanners used when fitting the coupling are very small and convenient to use in relation to the size of the coupling.



# Benefits:

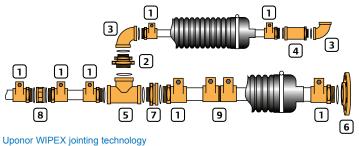
- The Wipex coupling is patented, tested according to DVGW (Germany), NKB (Sweden), CSTB (France), KIWA (Holland) and approved
- The main components of the fittings are made of DR brass (resistant to dezincification)
- O-rings are used to make a seal between the couplings and pipe fittings
- Additional sealing using teflon or sealing tape is not required
- The Wipex fitting system allows for an extremely wide range of connection combinations
- No special tools required only two fixed wrenches and pliers
- All Wipex fitting threads are G type parallel thread, please ensure thread compatability if connecting to 3rd party valves etc.



# Design

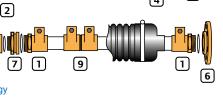
## recommendation:

When connecting from the Uponor Wipex system to third-party components, the terminating Uponor Wipex element must consist of a fitting (bend or socket) with an inside thread.





- 1 Wipex coupling
- 2 Wipex swivel union
- 3 Wipex elbow



Wipex fix point bushing

Wipex tee

8 Wipex sleeve

6 Wipex flange

(9) Wipex jointing equal

Reducer



# **Uponor Ecoflex coupling for 125 mm**

The Ecoflex coupling is designed for connecting cross linked polyethylene pipes for district heating installations. The coupling is available for pipe dimension 125 x 11.4 mm, PN 6 and fitting base parts in 4 inch. Sealing tape is used to make a seal between the couplings and base parts.



Uponor Ecoflex coupling for pipe dimensions 125 x 11.4 mm, PN 6

## **Uponor Ecoflex pre-insulated fitting range**

The Uponor Ecoflex preinsulated fitting is used for the connection with pre-insulated Ecoflex pipes in buried installation. The fittings are made from stainless steel, are preinsulated with foam and covered with a PE-casing. The ends of those fittings are welded with female thread adapters for easy adaption.

# NOTE!

Since this is a made to order item, please call for the delivery time.



**Uponor Ecoflex tee twin** 



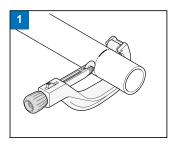
**Uponor Ecoflex elbow single** 

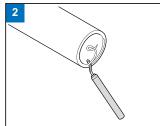
# **Mounting Instructions**

# Wipex fittings

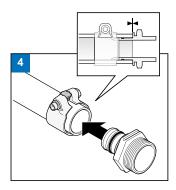
Wipex is a complete set of fittings that fits Uponor PEX pipes used in hot tap water and heating systems and certain industrial applications.

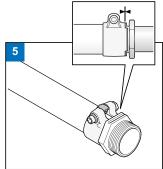
Wipex fittings are used for pipes with an external diameter of 25-125mm and pressure class of 6 or 10 bar. Required combinations of fittings are created using Wipex parts. Joints are sealed using the o-rings, supplied with the fittings (125mm requires a sealing tape).

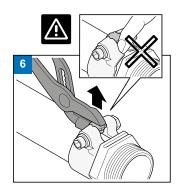


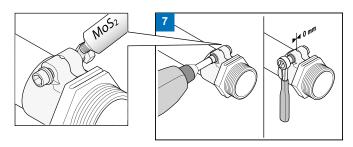


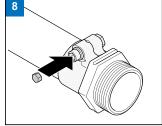












## NOTE!

Do not use an impact driver as this can break the bolt.

Wipex fitting	Allen key size	ISO 4762 DIN 912
25	5	M6x35
32	5	M6x40
40	6	M8x45
50	8	M10x55
63	10	M12x70
75	10	M12x75
90	14	M16x90
110	14	M16x90

# \* Please note the Wipex 125mm fitting uses a M16 bolt

# Wipex base parts (tee, elbow, reducer, flange)

Check that the o-ring housing is clean. Only use the o-rings supplied with the base parts. Place the o-ring in the intended groove. Fasten all parts manually, if at all possible. Tighten the parts using a spanner or a pipe-wrench with small jaws all the way down (metal against metal). When other items are mounted on the Wipex base parts or pipe couplings, the threaded coupling must be tightened using sealing tape.

# **Q&E** fittings

The Uponor Q&E system is based upon the unique properties of Uponor PE-Xa pipes and the revolutionary Q&E fitting. It enables you to mount a fitting without further tools than the expander tool and a cutter. It works by expanding the Uponor PE-Xa pipe together with a Q&E Ring and mount it directly onto the oversized brass or PPSU fitting. The pipe will shrink back using the unique attributes of Uponor PEX Q&E pipe. This means that the pipework and fittings contain no o-ring or grab ring meaning a clean, quick and safe installations. The technique has been patented by Uponor and is designed exclusively for Uponor PE-Xa pipe up to dimension 75mm. The fittings have been tested in performance by several independent official accredited laboratories, such as ATG Belgium, KIWA Netherland, MPA Germany, SP Sweden, TGM Austria, QAS Australia as well as in Uponor own laboratories.











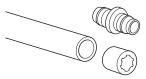
- A total and safe solution for a professional installer
- A simple and reliable fitting design without O-rings, press or push sleeves, which make it easy to use and fast to fit
- By the use of Q&E, a professional makes the installation fast and efficient
- Once connection is made, the joint is non-removable
- An all plastic system can be achieved



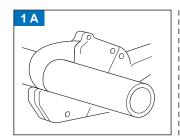


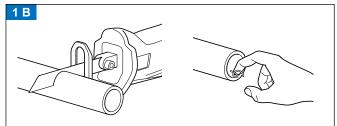


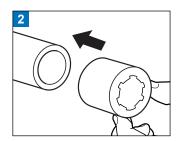


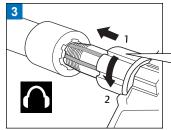


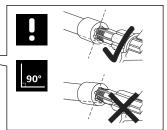
Uponor SDR 11 Uponor SDC 7.4 Pipes only

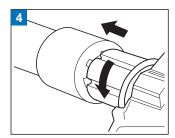


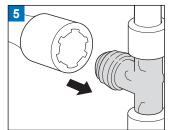


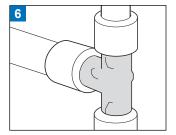


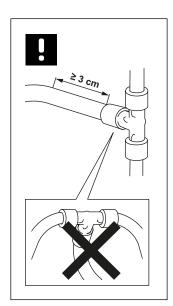


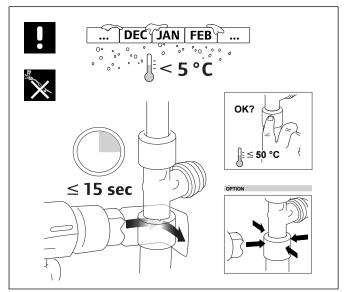












						# X ++	+ Y
				JG M1	8/M18 VLD		
d				# X_	M18	# X	/LD
Ö mm			M18/M18 VLD	21 °C	-10 °C	21 °C	-10 °C
PN6							
25x2.3	25	Q&E 25	25x2.3/3.5	9	9	-	-
32x2.9	32	Q&E 32	32x2.9/4.4	14	14	-	-
40x3.7	40	Q&E 40	40x3.7/5.5	7+1	7+1	3+1	3+1
50x4.6	50	Q&E 50	50x4.6/6.9			3	3
63x5.8	63	Q&E 63	63x5.8/8.6			4	3
75x6.8	75	Q&E 75	75x6.8/10.3			7+1	7+1
PN10				•		•	
25x3.5	25	Q&E 25	25x2.3/3.5	19	19	-	-
32x4.4	32	Q&E 32	32x2.9/4.4	7+3	8+2	-	-
40x5.5	40	Q&E 40	40x3.7/5.5	-	-	5+4	5+3
50x6.9	50	Q&E 50	50x4.6/6.9	-	-	4+1	4+1
63x8.7	63	Q&E 63	63x5.8/8.6	-	-	5+1	5
75x10.3	75	Q&E 75	75x6.8/10.3	-	-	11+3	11+2

# Rubber end caps

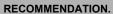
# To protect the pipe ends and for component partitioning

Uponor rubber end caps protect the insulation at cut pipe ends and provide partitions between components. It is important to provide this protection against moisture ingress or damage, so that the whole system can maximise the efficiency of the insulation. A gasket ring is also supplied to prevent the entry of water. The end caps can be assembled by pulling them over the ends of the pipes, after which they are fully secured with a jubilee clip.



## NOTE!

The jubilee clip must not be mounted when Uponor H insulation sets are being used!



In order to make the application of the rubber sleeve it is recommended to lubricate the pipe and rubber endcap with a non-oil based lubricant making application much easier.



### NOTE!

The Uponor rubber end caps must be fitted to the ends of the jacket pipes before making a connection to a medium pipe!

### NOTE!

Before the rubber end caps are fitted, the insulation must be removed from the pipe back to the proper length. The dimensions of the insulating kit must be observed here.



**Uponor Single end cap** 



**Uponor Twin end cap** 



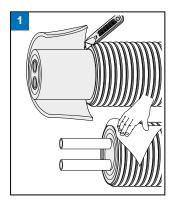
**Uponor Quattro end cap** 

# Uponor rubber end caps

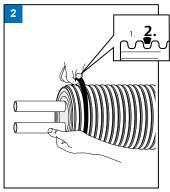
The rubber end caps should always be used at the pipe ends (even if using insulation sets). They protect the insulation against moisture and provide partitions between components.

# **Installing the rubber end caps** Ensure you put the end caps in place before the couplings.

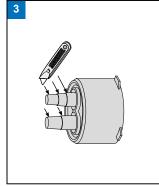
**Please note!** Follow also the instructions for the Uponor insulation sets.



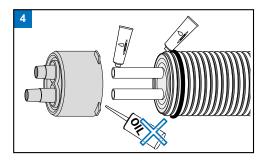
Cut away the jacket pipe and peel off insulation layers so that enough flow pipe is visible to join the coupling and the end cap. Be careful not to damage the pipe(s). Clean the surfaces carefully.



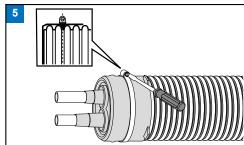
Install the rubber seal in the second groove.



Cut the correct outlet for your pipe size on the rubber end cap.



Install the end cap over the end of the pipe using lubricant. A non oil-based lubricant can assist.



Position the jubilee clip over the seal and tighten.

## **Ecoflex insulation sets**

The selection of insulation includes different sets, one elbow, one straight set and two tee reducer kits. Due to its special design and high quality ABS material, the insulation sets resist a traffic load of 60 tons. Additionally the insulation sets are mounted with foam half shells which ensure minimum heat loss during operation. All sets cover three different dimensions of jacket pipes and they fit single and twin pipes equally well. All necessary components like foam half shells, bolts, sealing kit are included.

#### NOTE!

Joints should not be located underneath roads because this makes access difficult and heavy vehicles could damage the joint.

If the H-insulation set is installed underneath roads it is necessary to use a concrete slab above the joint to distribute the heavy traffic load.



**Ecoflex T-insulation set** 



**Ecoflex elbow insulation set** 



**Ecoflex house connection** elbow Single



**Ecoflex straight insulation set** 



**Ecoflex H-insulation set** 



**Ecoflex house connection** elbow Twin

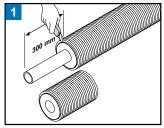
## **Ecoflex insulation sets**

## **Example: T-branches**

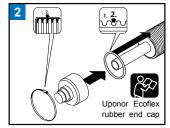
Uponor insulation sets are designed to protect underground joint areas from heat loss, external loading forces and water ingress. The T insulation set is designed for use with both twin and single pipe branches and is compatible with three jacket pipe dimensions (140/175/200). Pipes with a 68mm jacket can also be fitted to the insulation sets using reducer rings (supplied separately).

Each set is supplied with two PUR foam half-shells, spacer pieces, sealant, joining bolts with washers and full installation instructions.

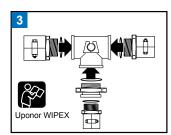
> Please note! Conduct the pressure test before closing the insulation sets.



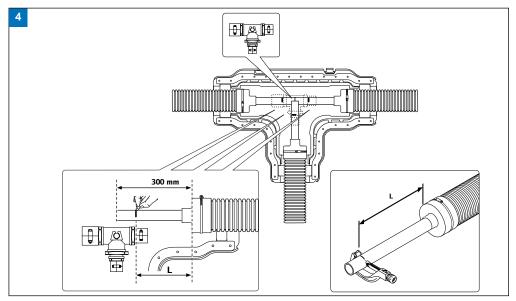
Cut back outer jacket.



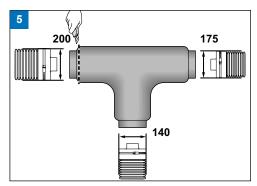
Fit rubber end cap.



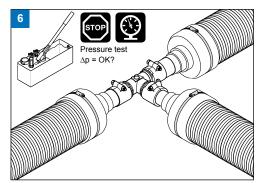
Assemble Wipex fittings.



Trim back exposed pipe ends to suit the assembly of Wipex fittings.



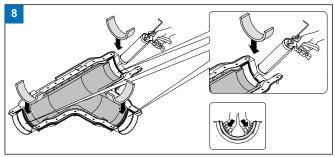
If using 200mm jacket pipe, trim back foam half-



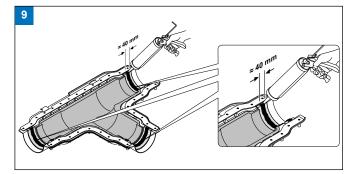
Connect up and pressure test.



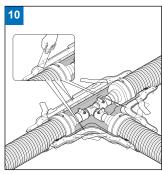
Place foam half-shell in casing.



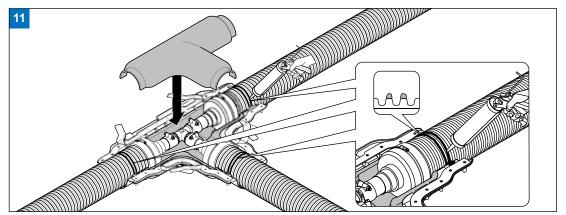
Fit spacer pieces to suit jacket pipe size using sealant.



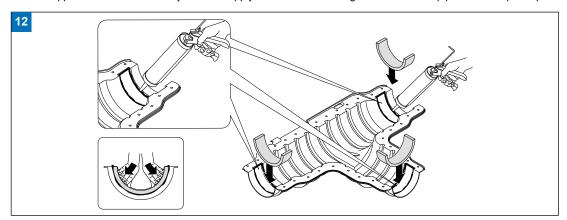
Apply sealant to spacer pieces.



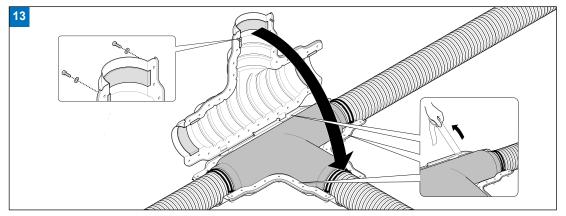
Partially release adhesive strips.



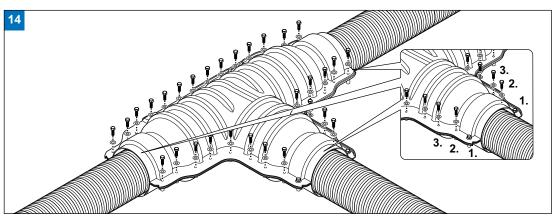
Position upper foam half-shell over joint area. Apply sealant to two corrugations where the pipe meets a spacer piece.



Prepare top half of insulation set casing.



Fully release adhesive strips and position top half of casing over joint area.



Complete assembly of insulation set using bolts provided.

# **NEW! Uponor house connections**

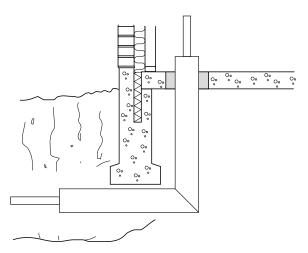
Allowing for greater ease in bringing Uponor pre-insulated pipework into a building where space is very limited.

This pre-formed bend uses Uponor PEX pipework system and Q&E jointing to give you a very tight 90 degree bend. At 1.5m x 1.5m this also gives you plenty of pipework at the end to do your connections onto the rest of the system.

Jointing underground is carried out by the use of either the Wipex coupler or Uponor Q&E coupler. This is followed by the standard Uponor insulation sets (reducer ring required), which are used to complete the joint.

All house connections are made to order and have a 8 week leadtime.





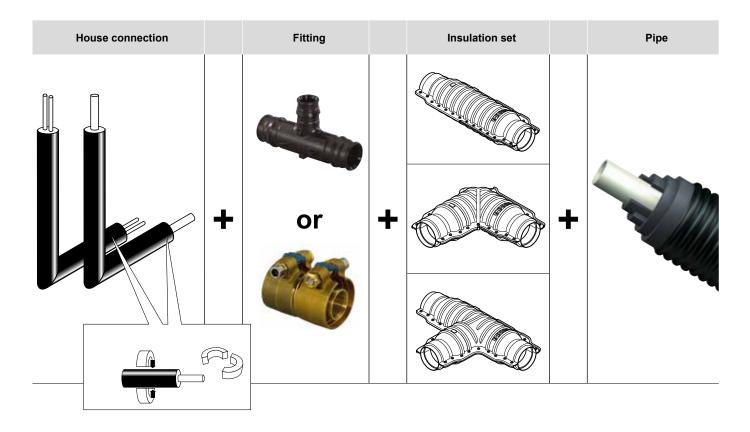
Code	Size (mm)	Height (mm)	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Weight (KG)
1085104	50	1600	1700	205	20
1085105	63	1600	1700	205	22
1085108	75	1600	1700	205	25

# **Reducer Rings**

These are required for sealing the insulation sets to the house connection.

Code	Size	Width	Weight
	(mm)	(mm)	(KG)
1085106	205	205	2

# **Uponor house connections**



# **Ecoflex Chamber**

Uponor connecting chambers are designed for pipe joints that cannot be made with an Uponor insulation kit. This includes, for instance, connections between single to two or more twin pipes, or for the Uponor Ecoflex Quattro pipes. The rotationally moulded chamber has walls made of polyethylene and, on the inside, it is coated with a PE insulant. The branching chamber enables the joining of other connections at a later date. The chamber has a watertight structure and is suitable for all pipe dimensions (casing pipe size 140, 145, 175, 200 and 250 mm).



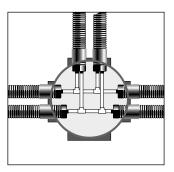
## NOTE!

Joints should not be located underneath roads because this makes access difficult and heavy vehicles could damage the joint.

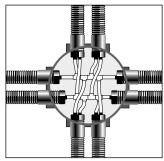
If the H-insulation set or chamber installed underneath roads are unavoidable a concrete slab can be used above the joint to distribute the heavy traffic load.



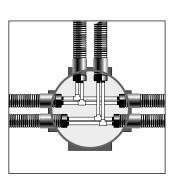
The rotomolded chambers are made of polyethylene and the insulative layer on the inside ensures minimised heat losses.



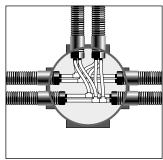
Heating supply from the main line to 2 houses



Heating supply from the main line to 4 houses



Heating and tap water from the main lines to the house



Heating and tap water from the main line to 2 houses using Quattro

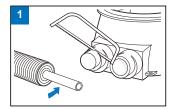


The Uponor branching chamber can be used for all jacket dimensions (140 - 250 mm). The chamber is available in both T and X models. End caps are always used in chambers.

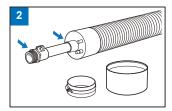
### Preparing the trench

Level the bottom of the trench with sand and compress the sand. If required, install an anchoring slab beneath the levelling layer. The normal depth of the chamber cover is 50 cm. 30 cm depth is permitted if no direct load is placed on top of the chamber.

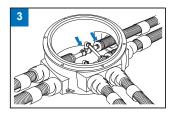
## Installing the chamber



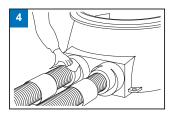
Cut open branches of the chamber according to the required pipe size. Peel off enough of the jacket pipe and insulation to make the joint, 10-20 cm depending on the pipe size.



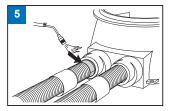
Put the end caps and their seals in place at the ends of the pipes. Mount the connectors to the ends of the flow pipes. Slide the shrink sleeves onto the pipes.



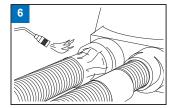
Push the pipes into the chamber. Fasten the rubber end caps on the jacket pipe using jubilee clips. Join the pipes and tighten the couplings.



Roughen up the surface of the jacket and the chamber joint with sand paper around the shrink sleeve. Wipe the joint area clean.

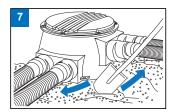


Preheat the area that is left under the shrink sleeve using a soft gas flame. Remove the protective paper from the sleeve and place the sleeve around the joint.

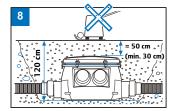


Shrink it with a soft gas flame according to the instructions on the shrink sleeve.
First shrink the end near the chamber, then shrink towards the pipe element. Keep the flame in constant movement.

# Filling the trench



Close the chamber lid, but tighten the bolts only after the pipeline has been pressure tested. Begin filling the trench by pushing sand underneath the joints.



Start the filling using a shovel, be careful not to damage the shrink sleeves. Check that the chamber stays upright. Compress the fill in layers of approximately 20-30cm. Mechanical compression directly above the chamber is forbidden.

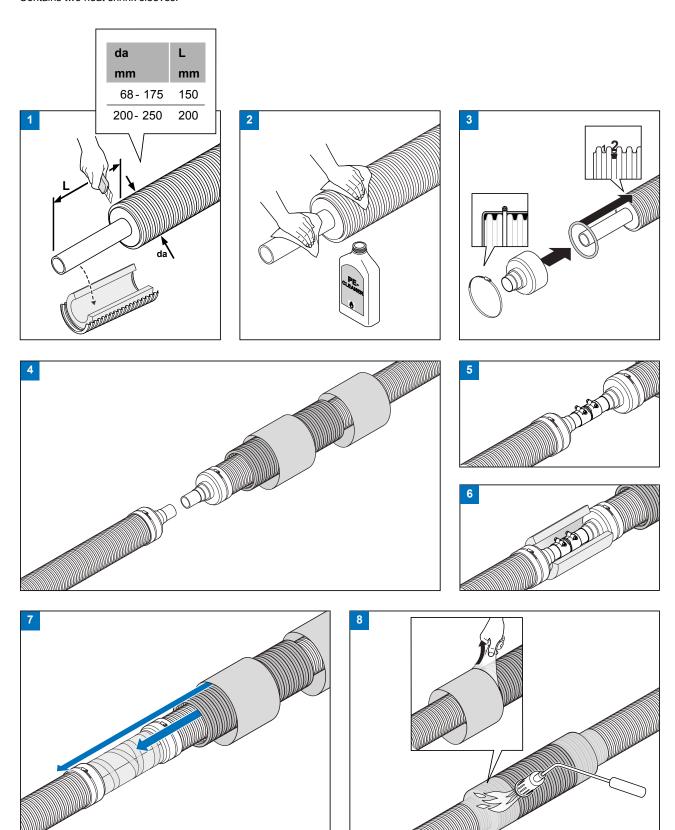
# Special cases:

Traffic load: A concrete slab can be used above the chamber to distribute the load. Without a protective slab, a chamber installed in a 50 cm cover depth can withstand an occasional short term load of 3,000 kg (= 6,000 kg/m²; for example, a tractor driving over it). Long-term loading is permissible until 500 kg (= 1,000 kg/m²; for example, a parked car).

If ground water can rise up to the chamber, the use of an anchoring slab is recommended.

# Jacket joint set

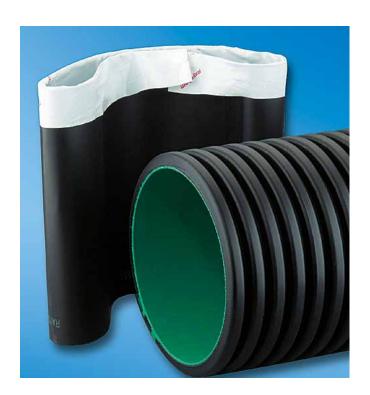
Used for sealing the jacket when connecting pipes together or when connecting to pre-insulated steel fittings. Contains two heat shrink sleeves.

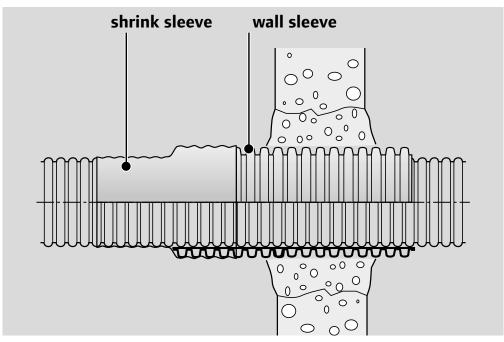


# Wall sleeves and seals

# **Uponor wall sleeve NPW (non-pressure waterproof)**

This wall sleeve can be used for the feed-through in building foundations wherever there is no pressurised water. It is mounted in place when the foundations are cast or are bricked in a hole and drilled afterwards. The shrink sleeve prevents water from leaking into the foundations from in between the pipe and the feedthrough sleeve. The kit contains a 400 mm long feed-through sleeve and a wide shrink sleeve.





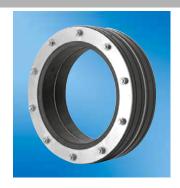
# **Ecoflex wall seal PWP (pressure-waterproof)**

# NOTE!

- 0.3 bar external water pressure single insert
- 0.5 bar max external water pressure double insert

### Double wall seal

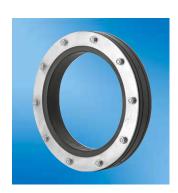
An Ecoflex double wall seal PWP must be used wherever water pressure is in excess of 0.3 - 0.5 bar. They can either be used directly in a coated core hole into waterproof concrete, or in a fibre cement pipe that is concreted or bricked into place.



## Single wall seal

An Ecoflex single wall seal PWP has two uses. It can either be used as a sole wall seal, providing up to 0.3 bar external water pressure protection. This can also be used as an additional wall seal to align the pipe through the main wall seal. This helps to reduce the stress on the main wall seal.

This product can either be used directly in a coated core drill hole within waterproof concrete, or in a fibre cement pipe that is concreted or bricked into place.



# **Epoxy resin set PWP**

If you choose the core drill the entry hole then it is highly recommended to seal the core hole. This can be done by using an Epoxy resin kit and should be applied before the wall seals are applied.

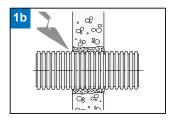


# Fibre cement pipe PWP

If drilling a core hole is not viable you can cast a fibre cement pipe into a knockout in a wall. This preformed pot in pretreated and only requires sealing into the brick work with a suitable sealent.



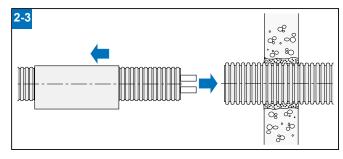
# Installing the wall sleeve NPW (non-pressure waterproof)



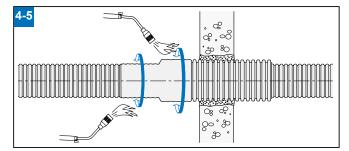
Insert the feed-through sleeve in the structure where the pipe element will be held and cast into place at a later stage. Please note that at least 10cm of the sleeve should be left outside the cast.

## Core drill size for both PWP and NPW systems

Uponor jacket pipe (mm)	Core hole size (mm)
68	125
140/145	200
175	250
200	300
250	350

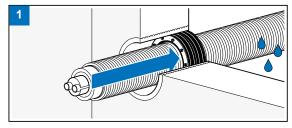


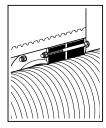
Clean all jackets with a alchol cleaner to ensure grease free and clean install, slide the shrink sleeve on top of the pipe element. Push the pipe element through the feed-through sleeve.

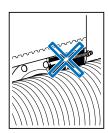


Place the shrink sleeve over the feed-through sleeve remove any paper that may be left inside the shrink sleeve. Heat the shrink sleeve with a gas burner (safety flame)/heat gun. When the surface of the shrink sleeve is smooth and adhesive is extruding from the ends, it has received enough heat. Installation is ready when the shrink sleeve has cooled down to the ambient temperature.

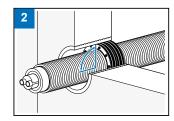
## Installation of Uponor PWP wall seal into the core hole or Uponor fibre cement pipe PWP



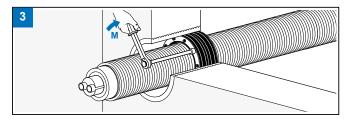




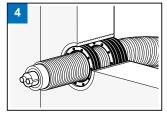
Insert the PWP wall seal as far as the water side (outside) - nuts face the cellar side.



Install Uponor PWP wall seal pipe at right angles to Uponor pipe.



During final assembly, successively tighten up each nut with a torque-wrench clockwise until the maximum torque Mmax is reached. Tighten the nuts several times. Repeate the procedure after two hours.



Use Uponor PWP supplementary set to reduce tension.

# Pressure and leak testing

# Pressure and leak testing for heating pipes according to DIN 18380

### Notice

The pressure test must take place before operation of the system begins. In order to ensure that the joints are not leaking, the test must be carried out before they are insulated and closed.

# Performance of the pressure test

The pipes that have been assembled, but not yet covered, are to be filled with filtered water in such a way as to exclude air. Heating pipes are to be tested using a pressure that is 1.3 times the total pressure (static

pressure) of the installation, but that is at least 1 bar gauge pressure at every part of the installation. Only pressure gauges that allow pressure changes of 0.1 bar to be read properly may be used. The pressure gauge is to be located at the lowest possible part of the installation.

Temperature equalisation between the ambient temperature and the temperature of the water with which the pipes are filled is to be achieved by a suitable waiting time after establishing the test pressure. After this waiting period it may be necessary to re-establish the test pressure.

The test pressure must be maintained for 2 hours, and must not fall by more than 0.2 bar. No leaks may appear during this period. As soon as possible after the cold water pressure test, the temperature is to be increased to the highest hot water temperature on which the calculations were based, in order to check whether the installation remains free from leaks even at the maximum temperature. When the installation has cooled down, the heating lines are to be checked to see that there are no leaks at the joints.

# System Isolation

Due to the unique nature of Uponor's plastic pipework systems on all current ranges, pipe squeezing can be used as an alternative to pipework freezing. These tools are inexpensive and give very quick system isolation.

Similarly, pipework freezing can also be carried out on our full range of plastic pipeworks. (Ensuring the pressure does not exceed the recommended rating of the pipework).

Please note this should only be used as a temporary isolation and please ensure you follow the instructions given by the tool manufacturer.

\*Uponor currently do not offer this product, however these can be easily purchased from your local merchant\*

# Pressure test record according to DIN 18380 for heating pipes

Building project								
Section								
Client								
Installing firm								
mstaming min								
	max. permitted operating pressure (measured at the lowest point in the installation) bar							
	Installation height m							
	Design parameter Flow temperature °C							
	Return temperature °C							
	Temperature equalisation between the ambient temperature and the temperature of the water with which the pipes are filled is to be achieved by a suitable waiting time after establishing the test pressure. After this waiting period it may be necessary to re-establish the test pressure.							
	Any containers, devices or fittings such as safety valves and expansion vessels that are not suitable for the pressure test must be disconnected from the installation that is being tested during the pressure test. The installation is filled with filtered water and fully vented. A visual check of the pipe joints is carried out during the test.							
	Start, o'clock Test pressure bar (duration 2 hours)							
	End, o'clock Pressure drop bar (max. 0.2 bar!)							
	On the the installation identified above was heated to the design temperatures, and no leaks could be found. After cooling, it was still not possible to find leaks.  Suitable measures (e.g. the use of antifreeze, temperature control of the building) should be taken if there is a risk of freezing. If antifreeze is no longer required for operation of the plant in accordance with specifications the antifreeze should be removed by emptying and flushing the installation, using at least a 3-fold water exchange.							
	Antifreeze was added to the water							
	Procedure as described above   Yes   No							
	Start of test End of test							
	Location Date							
	Client (Representative) Installing firm (Representative)							

# **Appendix**

# Uponor PE-Xa pipes - weight and volume

# Heating pipes (Thermo) PN6

#### Pipe dim ID Weight Volume OD x s [mm] [l/m] [mm] [kg/m] 25 x 2.3 20.4 0.183 0.31 32 x 2.9 26.2 0.268 0.50 40 x 3.7 32.6 0.430 0.85 50 x 4.6 40.8 0.665 1.32 63 x 5.8 51.4 1.048 2.08 75 x 6.8 61.2 1.461 2.96 90 x 8.2 73.6 2.113 4.25 110 x 10 90.0 3.141 6.29 125 x 11.4 102.2 4.050 8.20

# Tap water pipes (Aqua) PN10

Pipe dim OD x s	ID	Weight	Volume	
[mm]	[mm]	[kg/m]	[l/m]	
18 x 2.5	13.0	0.116	0.13	
25 x 3.5	18.0	0.236	24.5	
32 x 4.4	23.3	0.380	0.42	
40 x 5.5	29.0	0.592	0.66	
50 x 6.9	36.2	0.923	1.03	
63 x 8.6	45.8	1.459	1.65	
75 x 10.3	54.4	2.077	2.31	
90 x 12.3	65.2	2.965	3.26	
110 x 15.1	79.8	4.442	4.85	

# Comparative table of PN6 / SDR 11 pipes

The table shows the corresponding dimensions of PEX and steel pipes.

PEX OD	OD/ID	Steel pipes DN	OD/ID
25	25/20.4	20	26.9/22.9
32	32/26.2	25	33.7/28.1
40	40/32.6	32	42.4/37.2
50	50/40.8	40	48.3/43.1
63	63/51.4	50	60.3/54.5
75	75/61.2	65	76.1/70.3
90	90/73.6	80	88.9/82.5
110	110/90.0	100	114.3/107.1
125	125/102.2	125	139.7/132.5

# Comparative table of PN10 /SDR 7.4 pipes

The table shows the corresponding dimensions of PEX and copper pipes.

PEX OD	OD/ID	Copper pipes DN	OD/ID
25	25/18	22	22/20
32	32/23.2	28	28/25.6
40	40/28.6	35	35/32.0
50	50/36.2	42	42/39.0
63	63/45.7	54	54/51.0
75	75/54.4	63	63/59.0
90	90/65.2	76,1	76.1/72.1
110	110/79.8	88,9	88.9/84.9

# Supra Plus cable

This table shows the Uponor Ecoflex Supra PLUS heater element output in different outdoor temperatures. The temperature of the pipe contents has been assumed to be  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C. When thermal loss is less than 10 W/m, the cable output is enough to keep the element from freezing.

Anything highlighted in green is regarded as within normal ratings of the heater element. Meaning all pipework can withstand a minimum of -25°C outside temperature before a risk of freezing.

Temp.	Pipe di	mensio	ns															
the pipe	25/68	25/90	25/140	32/68	32/90	32/140	40/90	40/140	40/175	50/90	50/140	50/175	63/140	63/175	75/175	75/200	90/200	110/200
0°C																		
- 1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
- 2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
- 3 - 4	2	1	1	2 2	1	1	2	1	1	2 2	1	1	2	1	2 2	1	2	2 2
- 5 - 6	2 2	1	1	2 3	2	1	2 2	1	1	3	2	1	2 2	2 2	2	2 2	2 2	3
- 7 - 8	2	2	1	3 4	2 2	1	3	2 2	1	4	2 2	2 2	3	2 2	2 2	2 2	3	3 4
- 9	3	2 2	1	4	2	2 2	3	2	2 2	4	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	4
<b>- 10</b>	3	2 2	2 2	5	3	2 2	3 4	2 2	2 2	5	3	2 2	3 4	3	3	3	3 4	5
- 12 - 13	4	3	2 2	5	3	2 2	4 4	3	2 2	5 6	3	3	4	3	4 4	3 4	4	5
- 14	4	3	2	6	4	2	5	3	2	6	4	3	5	3	4	4	5	6
- 15 - 16	5	3	2 2	6	4	3	5	3	3	7	4	3	5	4	5	4	5	6 7
- 17 - 18	5 5	3 4	3	7	4	3	5	3 4	3	7	4	3 4	5	4	5 5 5	4 5	5	7 8
<b>- 20</b> - 19	5	4	3	7	5	3	6	4	3	8	5	4	6	5	6	5 5	6	8
- 21	6	4	3	8	5	3 4	6 7	4	3 4	9	5	4	6 7	5 5	6	5	6 7	8 9
- 22 - 23	6	4 5	3	8 9	5	4	7 7	4 5	4	9	5	4 4	7 7	5	6 7	6	7 7	9
- 24	7	5	3	9	6	4	7	5	4	10	6	5	7	6	7	6	7	10
- 25 - 26	7	5 5	4 4	10 10	6	4	8	5	4	11 11	6	5	8	6	7 7	6 7	8	10 11
- 27 - 28	7	5	4	10 11	6	5	8	5	4 5	11 12	6	5	8	6	8	7 7	8	11 11
<b>- 30</b> <sup>- 29</sup>	8	6	4	11	7	5	9	6	5	12	7	6	9	7	8	7	9	12
- 30 - 31	8	6	4	11 12	7	5	9	6	5	13 13	7 7	6	9	7 7	9	8 8	9	12 12
- 32 - 33	9	6	5 5 5	12 12	8	5	10 10	6	5	13 14	8	6	10	7 8	9	8	10 10	13 13
- 34	9	7	5	13	8	6	10	7 7	6	14	8	6 7	10	8	10	8 9	10	14 14
- 35 - 36	10 10	7	5	13 13	8	6	11 11	7	6	15 15	8	7	11 11	8	10 10	9	11 11	14
- 37 - 38	10	7	5	14 14	9	6	11 11	7	6	15 16	9	7 7	11 11	9	10 11	9	11 11	15 15
<b>- 40</b>	11	7	5	14	9	6 7	12	7	6	16 16	9	7	12	9	11	10	12	15 16
- 41	11 11	8	6	15 15	10	7	12 12	8	6 7	17	10	8	12 12	9	11 11	10	12 12	16
- 42 - 43	11 12	8	6	16 16	10 10	7	13 13	8	7 7	17 18	10 10	8	13 13	10	12 12	10 11	13 13	17 17
- 44 - 45	12	8 8	6	16 17	10	7 7	13 13	8	7	18 18	10	8	13 13	10	12 12	11	13 13	17 18
- 46	12 12	9	6 7	17	11	7	14	9	7 7	19	11	8	14	10	13	11	14	18
- 47 - 48	13 13	9	7	17 18	11	8	14 14	9	8	19 20	11 11	9	14 14	11 11	13 13	12 12	14 14	18 19
<b>- 50</b>	13 13	9	7 7	18	11	8	15 15	9	8 8	20 20	11	9	15 15	11	14	12	15	10
- 50	13	9	7	18	12	8	15	10	Q	20	12	9	15	11	14	12	15	20

# Product matrix Pre-insulated pipes

Ecoflex Thermo Single pre-insulated single pipe PE-X, max. 6 bar / 95°C, Heating

Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s [mm]	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery length max. [m]	Bending radius [m]
1018109	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	20	140	1.18	200	0.25
1018110	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	25	140	1.31	200	0.30
1018111	40 / 32.6 / 3.7	32	175	2.03	200	0.35
1018112	50 / 40.8 / 4.6	40	175	2.26	200	0.45
1018113	63 / 51.4 / 5.8	50	175	2.56	200	0.55
1018114	75 / 61.4 / 6.8	65	200	3.74	100	0.80
1018115	90 / 73.6 / 8.2	80	200	4.20	100	1.10
1018116	110 / 90.0 / 10.0	100	200	5.24	100	1.20
1083868	125 / 102.2 / 11.4	100	250	7.30	80	1.40



On request, available with heating tape HWAT-R. Delivery time on request

Ecoflex Thermo Twin pre-insulated double pipe PE-X, max. 6 bar / 95°C, Heating

					_	
Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s [mm]	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery length max. [m]	Bending radius [m]
1018134	25 / 20.4 / 2.3 (2x)	20	175	1.92	200	0.50
1018135	32 / 26.2 / 2.9 (2x)	25	175	1.99	200	0.60
1018136	40 / 32.6 / 3.7 (2x)	32	175	2.33	200	0.80
1018137	50 / 40.8 / 4.6 (2x)	40	200	3.59	100	1.00
1018138	63 / 51.4 / 5.8 (2x)	50	200	4.55	100	1.20
1088276	75 / 61.4 / 6.8 (2x)	63	250	6.43	100	1.40



Ecoflex Thermo Mini pre-insulated single pipe PE-X, max. 6 bar / 95°C, Heating

Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s [mm]	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery length max. [m]	Bending radius [m]
1018132	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	20	68	0.50	200	0.20
1018133	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	25	68	0.55	200	0.25



**Ecoflex Thermo PRO Single PN 6 pipe range** 

Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	n	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]
1087378	40 x 3.7	32	145	1.99	240	0.50
1087379	40 x 3.7	32	175	3.07	150	0.70
1087383	50 x 4.6	40	145	2.27	240	0.60
1087384	50 x 4.6	40	175	2.96	150	0.70
1087385	63 x 5.8	50	175	3.26	150	0.70
1087386	63 x 5.8	50	200	3.84	100	0.80
1087387	75 x 6.8	65	175	3.60	150	0.80
1087388	75 x 6.8	65	200	4.18	100	0.90
1087389	90 x 8.2	80	200	4.70	100	1.10
1087390	110 x 10.0	100	200	5.51	100	1.20



**Ecoflex Thermo PRO Twin PN 6 pipe range** 

Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s	n	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]
1087392	25 x 2.3	20 + 20	145	1.97	240	0.60
1087393	25 x 2.3	20 + 20	175	2.71	150	0.70
1087394	32 x 2.9	25 + 25	145	2.15	240	0.60
1087395	32 x 2.9	25 + 25	175	2.87	150	0.80
1087396	40 x 3.7	32 + 32	175	3.13	150	0.80
1087397	40 x 3.7	32 + 32	200	3.70	100	1.00
1087398	50 x 4.6	40 + 40	200	4.08	100	1.10
1087399	63 x 5.8	50 + 50	200	4.69	100	1.20





Deliveries are made in accordance with our "General Terms and Conditions of Sale". Subject to technical changes without notice

**Ecoflex Aqua Single** pre-insulated single pipe PE-X, max. 10 bar / 95°C, warm water

Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s [mm]	DN	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery length max. [m]	Bending radius [m]
1018117	25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20	140	1.24	200	0.35
1018118	32 / 23.2 / 4.4	25	140	1.42	200	0.40
1018119	40 / 29.0 / 5.5	32	175	2.20	200	0.45
1018120	50 / 36.2 / 6.9	40	175	2.54	200	0.55
1018121	63 / 45.8 / 8.7	50	175	3.00	200	0.65
1018122	75 / 54.4 / 10.3	65	200	4.3	100	0.9
1018123	90 / 65.4 / 12.3	80	200	5.3	100	1.2
1036036	110 / 79.8 / 15.1	100	200	6.5	100	1.3



On request, available with heating tape HWAT-R. Delivery time on request.

# Ecoflex Aqua Twin pre-insulated double pipe PE-X, max. 10 bar / 95°C, warm water

Order Code [mm]	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN [mm]	Jacket pipe Da [kg/m]	Weight [m]	Delivery length max. [m]	Bending radius
1018139	1) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20	175	2.05	200	0.65
	2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20				
1018140	1) 32 / 23.2 / 4,4	25	175	2.20	200	0.70
	2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20				
1018141	1) 40 / 29.0 / 5.5	32	175	2.45	200	0.90
	2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20				
1018142	1) 50 / 36.2 / 6.9	40	175	2.73	200	1.00
	2) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20				



# Ecoflex Quattro pre-insulated quad-pipe PE-X, max. 6 bar / 95°C, Heating and/or max. 10 bar / 95°C / warm water

Order Code [mm]	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN [mm]	Jacket pipe Da [kg/m]	Weight [m]	Delivery length max. [m]	Bending radius
1018147	(2x) 25 / 20.4 / 2.3 (2x) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	20 20	175	2.41	200	0.80
1018148	(2x) 32 / 26.2 / 2.9 (2x) 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	25 20	175	2.64	200	0.80
1018149	(2x) 32 / 26.2 / 2.9 32 / 23.2 / 4.4 25 / 18.0 / 3.5	25 25 20	175	2.78	200	0.80



# Ecoflex Supra pre-insulated single pipe PE-HD, max. 16 bar / 20°C, cold water

Order Code [mm]	Medium pipe da / di / s	DN [mm]	Jacket pipe Da [kg/m]	Weight [m]	Delivery length max. [m]	Bending radius
1018124	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	20	68	0.52	200	0.20
1018125	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	25	68	0.62	200	0.25
1018126	40 / 32.6 / 3.7	32	140	1.47	200	0.30
1018127	50 / 40.8 / 4.6	40	140	1.67	200	0.40
1018128	63 / 51.4 / 5.8	50	140	1.97	200	0.50
1018129	75 / 61.4 / 6.8	65	175	2.72	100	0.60
1018130	90 / 73.6 / 8.2	80	175	3.14	100	0.70
1018131	110 / 90.0 / 10.0	100	200	5.24	100	1.20



# Ecoflex Supra Plus fitted with self-regulating, freeze protection cable, rated at 10 w/m

Order Code	Medium pipe da / di / s [mm]	n	Jacket pipe Da [mm]	Weight [kg/m]	Delivery lengths [m]	Bending radius [m]	Insulation thickness [mm]
1048902	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	1	68	0.52	150	0.20	15
1048903	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	1	68	0.62	150	0.25	12
1048904	40 / 32.6 / 3.7	3	140	1.44	150	0.30	39
1048905	50 / 40.8 / 4.6	3	140	1.67	150	0.40	34
1048906	63 / 51.4 / 5.8	2	140	1.97	150	0.50	27
1048907	75 / 61.4 / 6.8	3	175	2.89	100	0.60	38
1048908	90 / 73.6 / 8.2	2	175	3.31	100	0.70	28
1048909	110 / 90.0 / 10.0	3	200	5.24	100	1.20	30



# Wipex male connector 6 bar



6 bar / 95°C for Uponor pipe systems Thermo Single, Thermo Twin, Thermo Mini, Quattro

Order Code	Pipe size da / di / s	Connection Male thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	[mm]	l1
	[mm]	[IIICII]	[kg/piece]	[mm]	[mm]
1018328	25 / 20.4 / 2.3	1"	0.20	26	13
1018329	32 / 26.2 / 2.9	1"	0.30	38	13
1018330	40 / 32.6 / 3.7	1 1⁄4"	0.50	44	14
1018331	50 / 40.8 / 4.6	1 1⁄4"	0.70	51	14
1018332	63 / 51.4 / 5.8	2"	1.20	67	16
1018333	75 / 61.4 / 6.8	2"	1.50	71	17
1018334	90 / 73.6 / 8.2	3"	2.40	80	17
1018335	110 / 90.0 / 10.0	3"	3.50	92	17
1078368*	125 / 102.2 / 11.4	4"	5.24	94	43



# Wipex male connector 10 bar

for Uponor pipe systems Aqua Single, Aqua Twin, Quattro (DVGW-approved)

Order Code	Pipe size da / di / s [mm]	Connection Male thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	l [mm]	l1 [mm]
1018336	25 / 18.0 / 3.5	1"	0.20	26	13
1018338	32 / 23.2 / 4.4	1"	0.30	38	13
1018339	40 / 29.0 / 5.5	1 1/4"	0.50	44	14
1018340	50 / 36.4 / 6.8	1 1⁄4"	0.70	51	14
1018341	63 / 45.8 / 8.7	2"	1.20	67	16
1018342	75 / 54.4 / 10.3	2"	1.55	71	17
1018343	90 / 65.4 / 12.3	3"	2.40	80	17
1023170	110 / 79.8 / 15.1	3"	3.50	92	17



# Wipex Jointing Equal 6 bar

for Uponor pipe systems Thermo Single, Thermo Twin, Thermo Mini, Quattro

Order Code	Pipe size	For Pipe dim [mm]	Weight [kg]	l [mm]	
1042972	25 PN6	25 x 2,3	0,168	54	
1042973	32 PN6	32 x 2,9	0,358	64	
1042980	40 PN6	40 x 3,7	0,554	72	
1042984	50 PN6	50 x 4,6	0,984	86	
1042981	63 PN6	63 x 5,8	1,575	106	
1042985	75 PN6	75 x 6,8	2,405	124	
1042986	90 PN6	90 x 8,2	3,622	143	
1042987	110 PN6	110 x 10	5,127	167	
1078365	125 PN6	125 x 11.4	8.15	170	



# Wipex Jointing Equal 10 bar

for Uponor pipe systems Aqua Single, Aqua Twin, Quattro

Order Code	Pipe size	For Pipe dim [mm]	Weight [kg]	l [mm]
1042970	25 PN10	25 x 3,5	0,179	54
1042974	32 PN10	32 x 4,4	0,345	64
1042979	40 PN10	40 x 5,5	0,551	72
1042983	50 PN10	50 x 6,9	0,974	86
1042982	63 PN10	63 x 8,7	1,582	106



<sup>\*</sup>Requires sealing tape or thread sealant when connecting to 4" base parts

# Wipex T-piece

for Uponor pipe systems Aqua Single, Aqua Twin, Thermo Single, Thermo Twin, Thermo Mini, Quattro

Order Code	Dimensions O-Ring di x s [mm]	Connection Female thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	z [mm]
1018345	35.0 x 3.0	1"	0.31	35
1018346	43.5 x 3.0	1 1/4"	0.48	42
1018347	61.91 x 3.53	2"	1.01	55
1018348	90.0 x 4.0	3"	2.64	75
1078367	See note 1	4"	3.96	91



incl. O-Rings

Note 1: When connecting to 125 x 4" male connector (item 1078368), thread sealent must be used to seal the threads.

## Wipex elbow

for Uponor pipe systems Aqua Single, Aqua Twin, Thermo Single, Thermo Twin, Thermo Mini, Quattro

Order Code	Dimensions O-Ring di x s [mm]	Connection Female thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	l [mm]	z [mm]
1018350	35.0 x 3.0	1"	0.27	58	35
1018351	43.5 x 3.0	1 1/4"	0.45	68	42
1018352	61.91 x 3.53	2"	0.94	91	55
1018353	90.0 x 4.0	3"	2.20	126	75
1078366	See note 1	4"	3.28	157	92



incl. O-Rings

Note 1: When connecting to 125 x 4" male connector (item 1078368), thread sealent must be used to seal the threads.

# Wipex joint

for Uponor pipe systems Aqua Single, Aqua Twin, Thermo Single, Thermo Twin, Thermo Mini, Quattro

Order Code	Dimensions O-Ring da x s [mm]	Connection female thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	z [mm]
1018355	35.0 x 3.0	1"	0,18	30
1018356	43.5 x 3.0	1 1/4"	0,20	37
1018357	61.91 x 3.53	2"	0,39	45
1018358	90.0 x 4.0	3"	0,70	55



incl. O-Rings

## Wipex reducer

for Uponor pipe systems Aqua Single, Aqua Twin, Thermo Single, Thermo Twin, Thermo Mini, Quattro

Order Code	Dimensions O-Ring di x s [mm]	R 1 male thread [inch]	R 2 female thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	z [mm]
1018368	35.0 x 3.0	1 1⁄4"	1"	0.22	20
1018369	43.5 x 3.0	1 ½"	1 1/4"	0.25	21
1018371	35.0 x 3.0	2"	1"	0.41	21
1018372	43.5 x 3.0	2"	1 1/4"	0.46	25
1018374	35.0 x 3.0	3"	1"	0.92	23
1018375	43.5 x 3.0	3"	1 1/4"	1.03	27
1018376	61.91 x 3.53	3"	2"	0.99	31
1078369	90.0 x 4.0	4"	3"	1.43	12



incl. O-Rings

# Wipex flange

for Uponor pipe systems Aqua Single, Aqua Twin, Thermo Single, Thermo Twin, Thermo Mini, Quattro

Order Code	DN	Bolt holes Number	Dimensions O-Ring di x s [mm]	Connection female thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	k [mm]	ds [mm]	d [mm]
1018359	25	4	35.0 x 3.0	1"	1.33	85	14	115
1018360	32	4	43.5 x 3.0	1 1/4"	1.96	100	18	140
1018362	50	4	61.91 x 3.53	2"	2.96	125	18	165
1018364	80	8	90.0 x 4.0	3"	4.36	160	18	200
1078370	100	8	See note 1	4"	4.50	180	18	220
•								



incl. O-Rings

Note 1: When connecting to 125 x 4" male connector (item 1078368), sealing tape or similar must be used to seal the threads.

# Wipex swivel union

for connecting Wipex bodies together when installed in a chamber or H insulation set.

Order Code	R 1 male thread [inch]	R 2 male thread [inch]	Weight [kg/piece]	l [mm]	z [mm]
1045455	1"	1"	0,291	51	19,0
1045456	11⁄4"	1"	0,384	51	17,0
1045457	11⁄4"	1 1/4"	0,493	59	21,3
1045458	2"	1 1/4"	0,993	68	27,0
1045459	2"	2"	1,134	74	29,0
1045460	3"	2"	1,780	82	33,0
1045461	3"	3"	2,690	90	35,4



## Plastic male connector

for main service take-off on Uponor Supra pipes

Order Code	For medium pipe dimensions da/s	Male thread	Weight	1
	[mm]	[inch]	[kg]	[mm]
1018400	25 x 2.3	3/4"	0.073	95
1018401	32 x 2.9	1"	0.115	106
1018402	40 x 3.7	1 1⁄4"	0.192	116
1018403	50 x 4.6	1 ½"	0.282	135
1014804	63 x 5.8	2"	0.480	167
1018405	75 x 6.8	2 ½"	0.728	191
1018406	90 x 8.2	3"	1.133	230
1018407	110 x 10.0	4"	1.919	267



Material: Polypropylene high-grade copolymer

## Rubber end-cap

incl. clamping ring and sealing ring

Order Code	For medium pipe da	For jacket pipe Da	Weight [kg/	Use with product	l [mm]	l1
	[mm]	[mm]	piece]		[mm]	[mm]
1018316	25+32	68	0.15	Thermo Mini, Supra	80	140
1018315	25+28+32	140	0.29	Thermo Single/Aqua Single	90	184
1018313	32+40+50	175	0.39	Thermo Single/Aqua Single	90	184
1018314	40+50+63	140	0.30	Supra	90	184
1018312	63+75	175	0.41	Thermo Single/Aqua Single/Supra	90	184
1086685	50+63	200	0.73	Thermo PRO Single	90	184
1018310	75+90+110	200	0.45	Thermo Single/Supra	90	184
1018311	90+110	175	0.43	Supra	90	184
1018309	2x25+32+40	175	0.41	Thermo Twin/Aqua Twin	90	184
1018308	2x25+32+50	175	0.41	Thermo Twin/Aqua Twin	90	184
1018307	2x40+50+63	200	0.49	Thermo Twin	90	184
1018306	4x25+32	175	0.45	Quattro	90	184
1083869	125	250	0.75	Thermo Single	90	184



Material: EPDM, clamping ring: stainless steel

# **Ecoflex house connection elbow Single**

Pre-insulated Elbow for the connection with pre-insulated Ecoflex Single pipes in buried installation. The Elbow is made from PE-X pipe, pre-insulated with foam and covered with PE-jacket.

Order	dxs	d2	I1	l2	13	l4	Weight
Code	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[kg/piece]
1085108	75x6.8	205	1600	1700	600	400	





## **Ecoflex house connection elbow Twin**

Pre-insulated Elbow for the connection with pre-insulated Ecoflex Twin pipes in buried installation. The Elbow is made from PE-X pipes, pre-insulated with foam and covered with PE-jacket.

Order Code	dxs [mm]	d1xs1 [mm]	d2 [mm]	l1 [mm]	l2 [mm]	13 [mm]	14 [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1085104	50x4.6	50x4.6	205	1600	1700	600	400	20
1085105	63x5.8	63x5.8	205	1600	1700	600	400	25





# Ecoflex reducer ring customised

to balance different customised jacket pipe dimensions in an insulaion set.

Order Code	l [m]	Weight kg	
1018382	70	0.03	
1085106	70	0.06	

## T-insulation set

Old Code	Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Length I [mm]	Width b [mm]	Weight [kg/set]
1021990	1060982	140/175/200	1125	788	13.53





# Straight insulation set

Old Code	Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Length I [mm]	Width b [mm]	Weight [kg/set]
1021992	1060984	140/175/200	1200	270	9.66

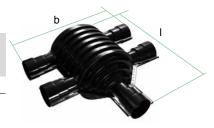
Comprises insulating half-shells (ABS lined with PUR foam), stainless steel bolts and solvent-free sealant.



# Double tee (H) insulation set

Old Code	Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Length I [mm]	Width b [mm]	Weight [kg/set]
_	1007355	140/175/200	1290	1260	19.00

Comprises insulating half-shells (ABS lined with PEX foam), stainless steel bolts, plastic rivets and solvent-free sealant.



# Elbow insulation set

Old Code	Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Length I [mm]	Width b [mm]	Weight [kg/set]
1021991	1060985	200 / 175 / 140	805	805	10.55

Comprises insulating half-shells (ABS lined with PUR foam), stainless steel bolts and solvent-free sealant.



# Reducer rings

used with 25mm and 32mm Thermo Mini and Supra pipes when connecting into insulation sets.

Order Code	Diameter
1060991	200/68



# Uponor jacket joint set

for sealing the jacket when connecting pipes together or when connecting to pre-insulated steel fittings (p61). Contains two heat shrink sleeves.

Order Code	Jacket pipe Diameter [mm]	Diameter [mm]	l [mm]	Weight [kg/set]
1084574	200	250	500	2.78
1083872	250	315	720	4.67



# **Uponor chamber**

Order Code	Diameter outer d [mm]	Number connections x jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Height h [mm]	Length I [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1018326	980	6 x 140 / 175 / 200	685	1660	50
1018327	980	8 x 140 / 175 / 200	685	1660	52

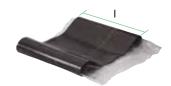


Material: chamber PE + PE-foam, cover: PE, sealing ring: SBR, screws: stainless steel

## Uponor heat-shrinkable sleeve

for sealing jacket pipe in the Uponor chamber outlet

Order Code	Jacket pipe Diameter [mm]	Length I [m]	Weight [kg/piece]
1018380	175	0.25	0.25
1018381	200	0.30	0.30
1084575	250	0.30	0.72



Material: PEX

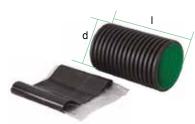
# Uponor sealing tape chamber



# Uponor wall sleeve NPW (non-pressure waterproof)

with heat-shrinkable sleeve, non pressure waterproof

Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Diameter wall sleeve d [mm]	Length I [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1018266	68	90	375	0.80
1018269	140	175	375	1.0
1018268	200/175	250	375	2.10
1083871	250	315	465	2.8

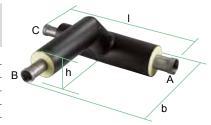


Material: wall sleeve PE-HD, heat-shrinkable sleeve: PEX

# Pre-insulated single tee

Pre-insulated fitting used for branch connections to/from 125mm Thermo Single pipes.

Order Code	A	В	С	Length I [mm]	Height h [mm]	b [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1084580	4" / 250	3" / 200	4" / 250	1000	490	625	20.5
1084581	3" / 200	3" / 200	4" / 250	1000	490	625	20.5
1084582	4" / 250	3" / 200	3" / 200	1000	490	625	20.5
1084583	3" /200	4" / 250	3" /200	1000	545	725	20.5
1084584	3" /200	4" / 250	4" / 250	1000	545	725	20.5
1084585	4" / 250	4" / 250	3" /200	1000	545	725	20.5

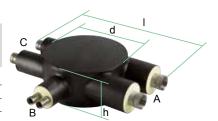


Material: stainless steel pipes, ends welded with female thread adapters; insulation foam - PUR; outer jacket - PE Note: 4"/250 denotes 4" thread connection/250mm outer jacket.

## Pre-insulated twin tee

Pre-insulated fitting used for branch connections to/from 125mm Thermo Single pipes.

Order Code	A	В	С	Length I [mm]	Height h [mm]	Dia. d [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1084586	4" / 250	2 x 2" / 200	4" / 250	1190	320	710	46.5
1084587	3" / 200	2 x 2" / 200	4" / 250	1190	320	710	46.5
1084588	4" / 250	2 x 2" / 200	3" / 200	1190	320	710	46.5
1084589	4" / 250	3" /200	2 x 2" / 200	1190	320	800	46.5
1084590	2 x 2" / 200	3" /200	4" / 250	1190	320	800	46.5



Material: stainless steel pipes, ends welded with female thread adapters; insulation foam - PUR; outer jacket - PE

Note: 4"/250 denotes 4" thread connection/250mm outer jacket. 2x2"/200 denotes twin 2" connections/200mm outer jacket.

# Pre-insulated elbow

Pre-insulated elbow for use with 125mm Thermo Single pipes.

Order Code	A	В	Length I [mm]	Weight	
1084579	4" / 250	4" / 250		625	8.8



Material: stainless steel pipes, ends welded with female thread adapters; insulation foam - PUR; outer jacket - PE Note: 4"/250 denotes 4" thread connection/250mm outer jacket.

# Wall seal PWP (pressure waterproof)

pressure waterproof. For direct use in a water-proof concrete core hole or in a walled-in fibre cement pipe

Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Core hole diameter [mm]	length I [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1007358	68	125	110	1.21
1007360	140	200	110	2.42
1007361	175	250	110	3.70
1007362	200	300	110	4.90



Material: rubber ring: EPDM, screws: yellow chromated, metal core: yellow chromated

# Fibre cement pipe PWP (pressure waterproof)

for wall seal, pressure waterproof

Order Code	Liner pipe diameter DN	For jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Length I [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1007368	125	68	400	8.00
1007370	200	140	400	15.20
1007371	250	175	400	18.80
1007372	300	200	400	22.00



Material: Fibre cement

# Supplementary set PWP (pressure waterproof)

for wall seals, PWP, to reduce any tension of the jacket pipe when it is not perpendicular to the wall

Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Core hole diameter [mm]	Length I [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1007363	68	125	65	0.72
1007365	140	200	65	1.43
1007366	175	250	65	2.30
1007367	200	300	65	3.30



Material: rubber ring: EPDM, screws: yellow chromated



# **Ecoflex Supra plus connection set**

set includes Supra Plus Control Unit, 2 rubber end caps, 5m sensor cable, fixing screws, cable connections and full instructions. Control unit requires 230V supply.

Order Code	For medium pipe diameter [mm]	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Weight [kg/set]
1048697	25+32	68	1
1048699	40+50+63	140	1.08
1048700	75	175	1.53
1048701	90	175	1.64
1048702	110	200	1.92



### **End cover**

for use in dry areas in buildings where the pipe exits the floor. Non waterproof. Set comprises two plastic half-shells and foam inserts for single, twin and quattro pipes.

Order Code	Jacket pipe diameter [mm]	Weight [kg/piece]
1045310	140	0.1
1045311	175	0.14
1045312	200	0.18



# Trench warning tape

to mark position of buried pipes. Red, tear-proof plastic tape imprinted with "Uponor" and symbols for trench identification.

Order	l	w	Weight
Code	[m]	[mm]	[kg/piece]
1018385	250	40	2



## Shrinkable tape

Shrinkable tape used for sealing damaged outer jacket.

Order	l	w	Weight
Code	[m]	[mm]	[kg/piece]
1018378	30	255	0.49



## Re-rounding pliers

tool to assist the mounting of fittings by re-rounding the pipe end.

Order Code	Size	Weight [kg/piece]
1084142	125	2.7







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